

Performance of the

Gittins Policy *in the*

G/G/1 & G/G/k,

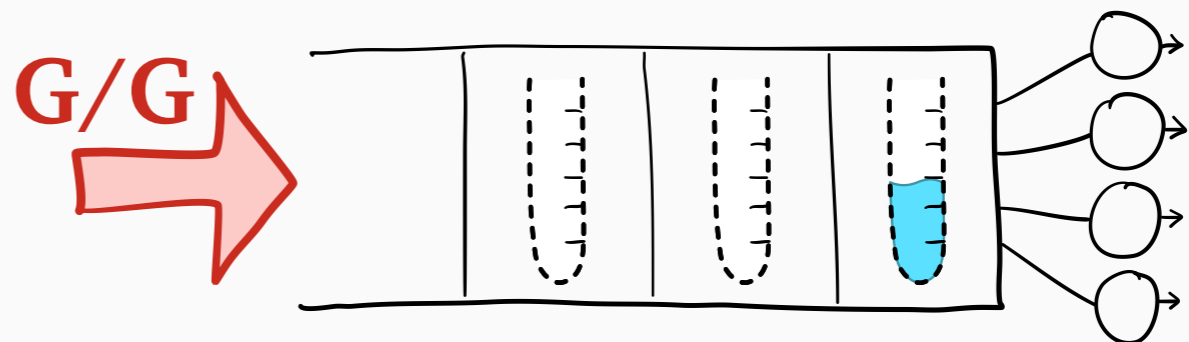
With and Without Setup Times

Yige Hong

Carnegie Mellon University

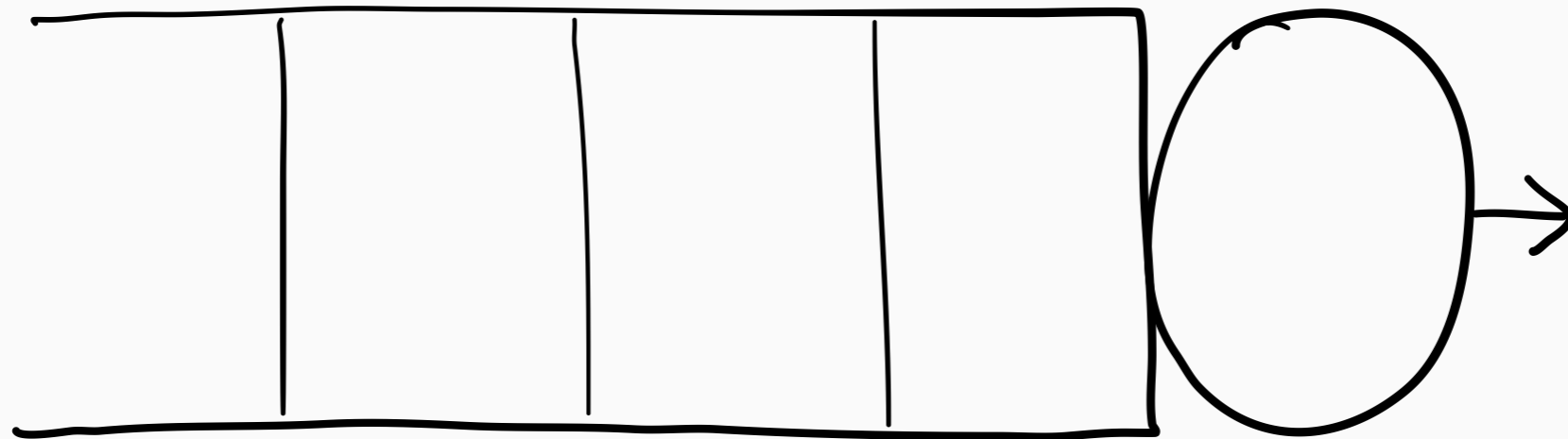
Ziv Scully

Cornell University

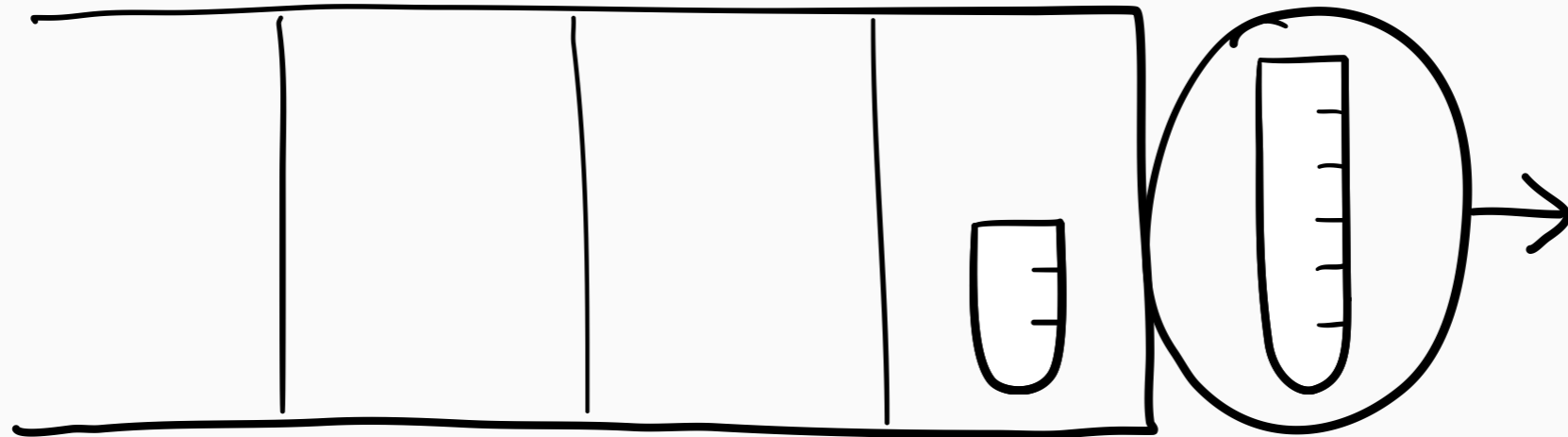


How should we schedule jobs
to minimize delay?

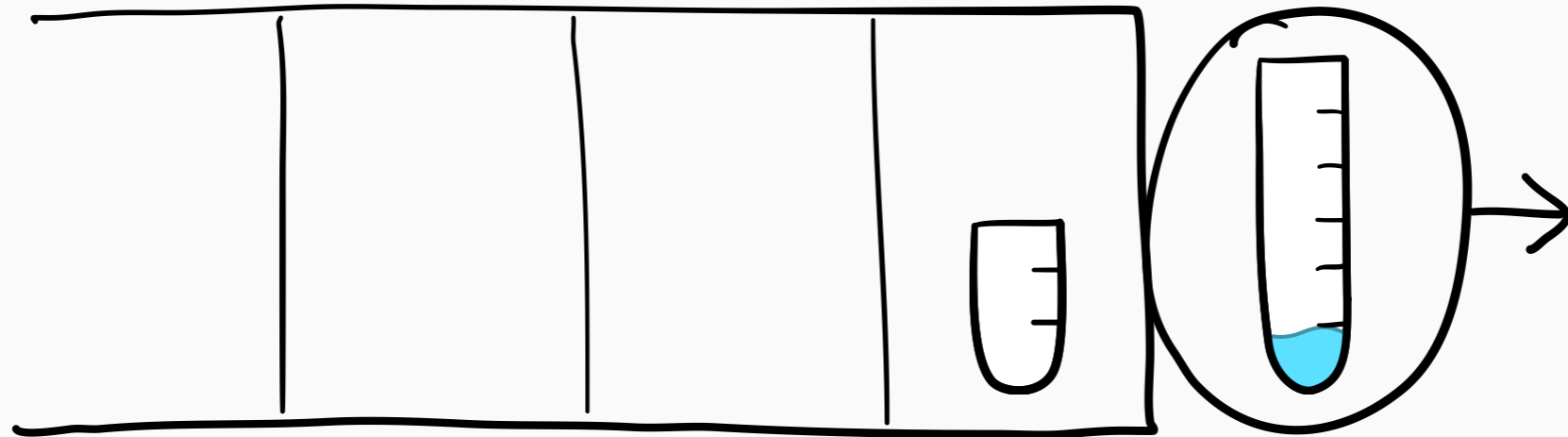
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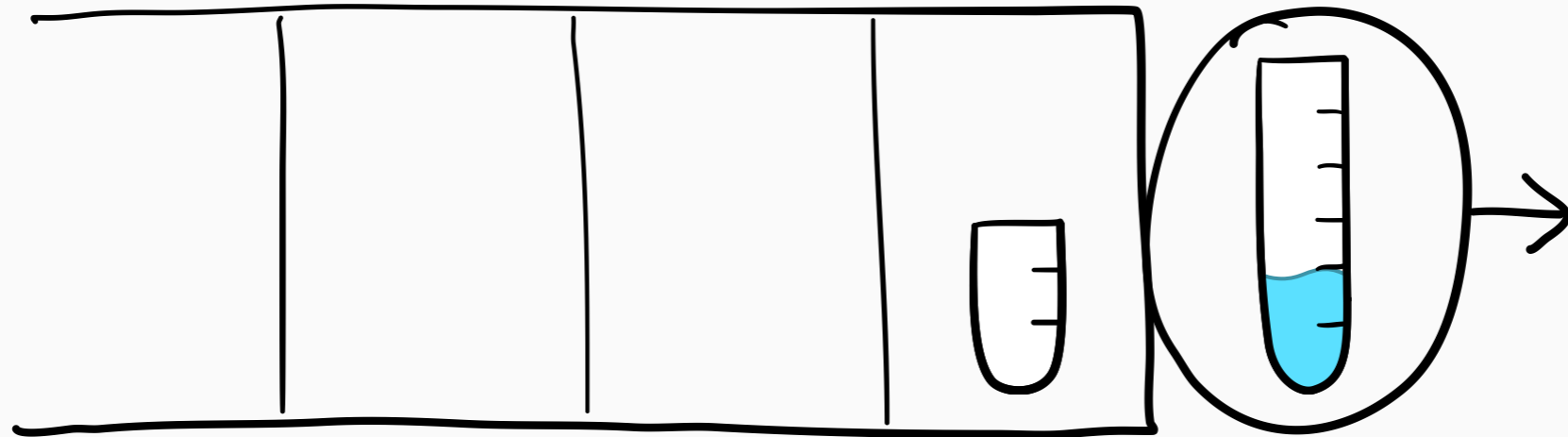
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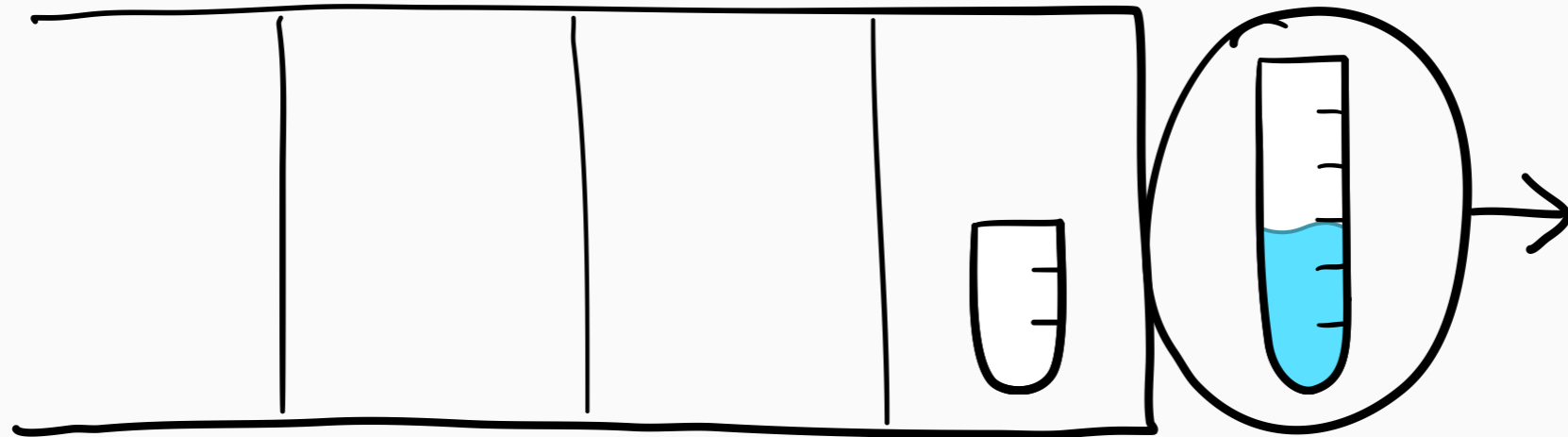
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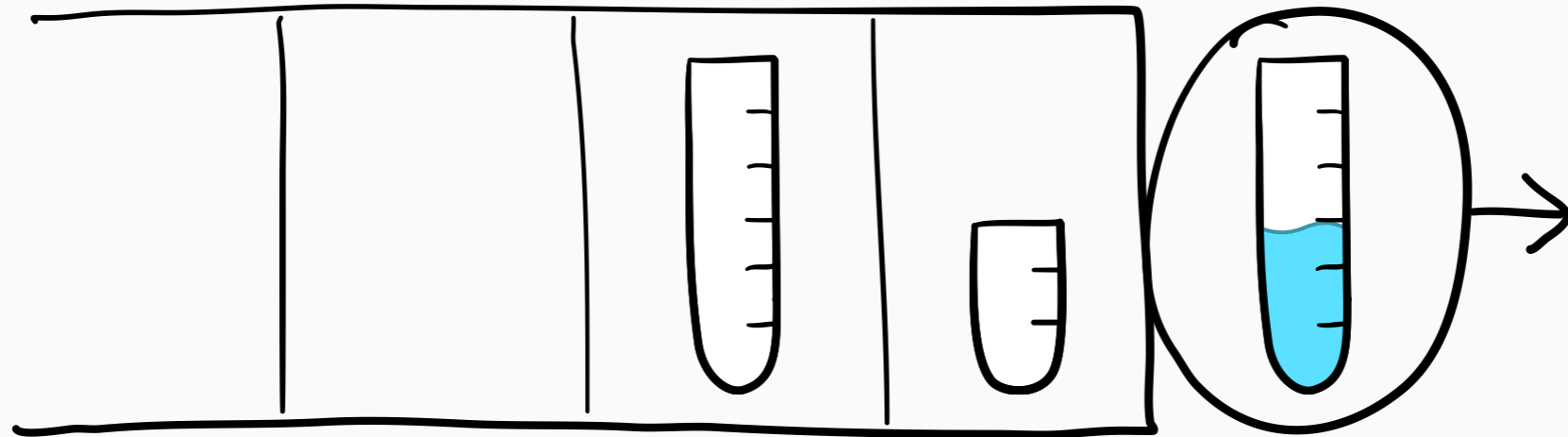
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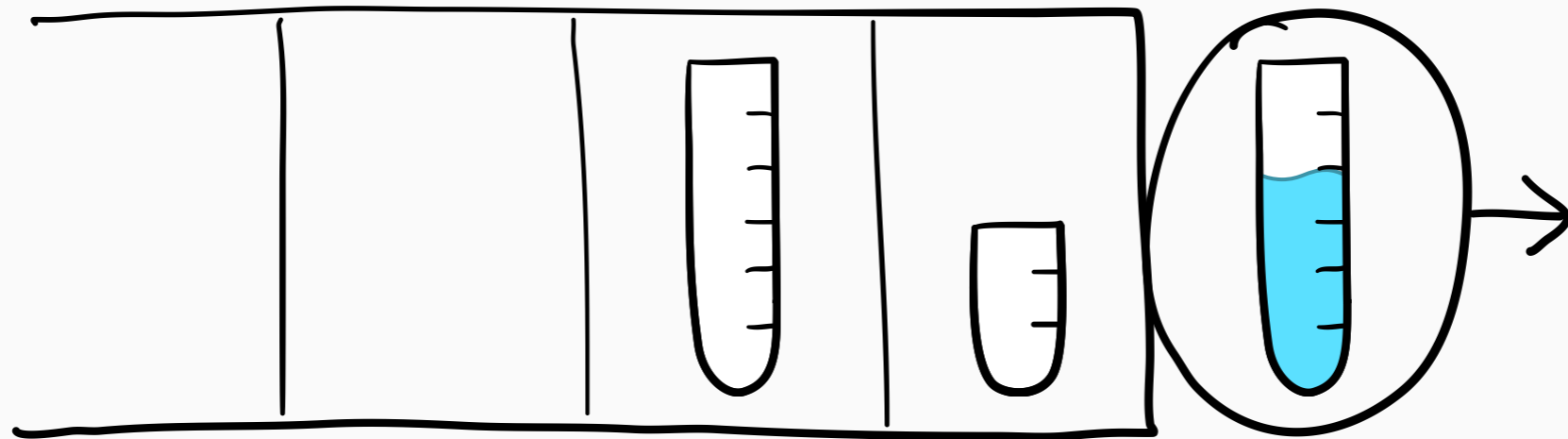
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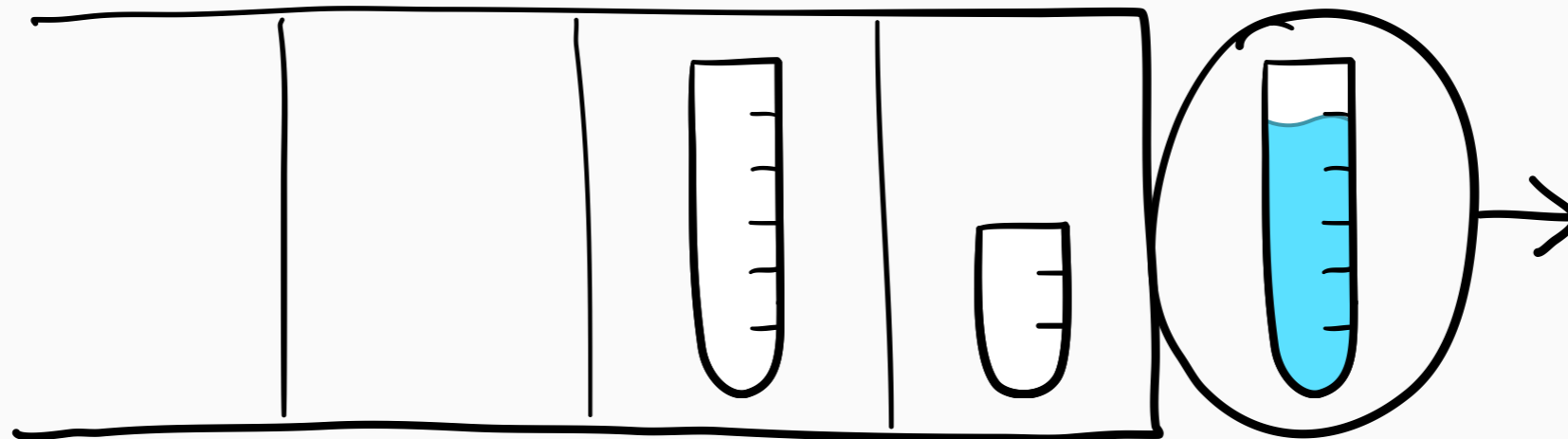
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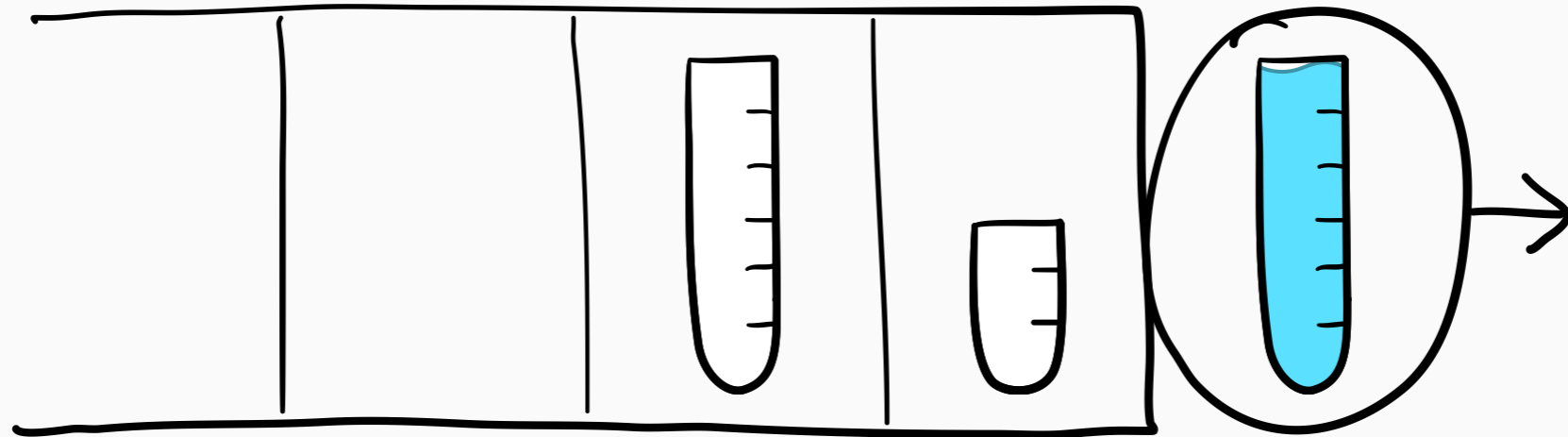
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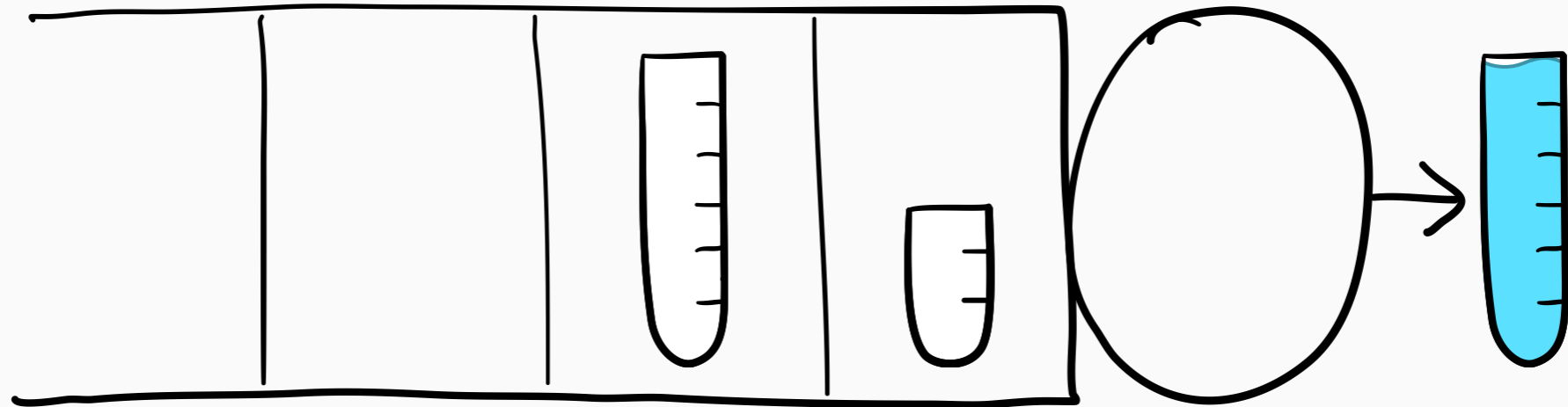
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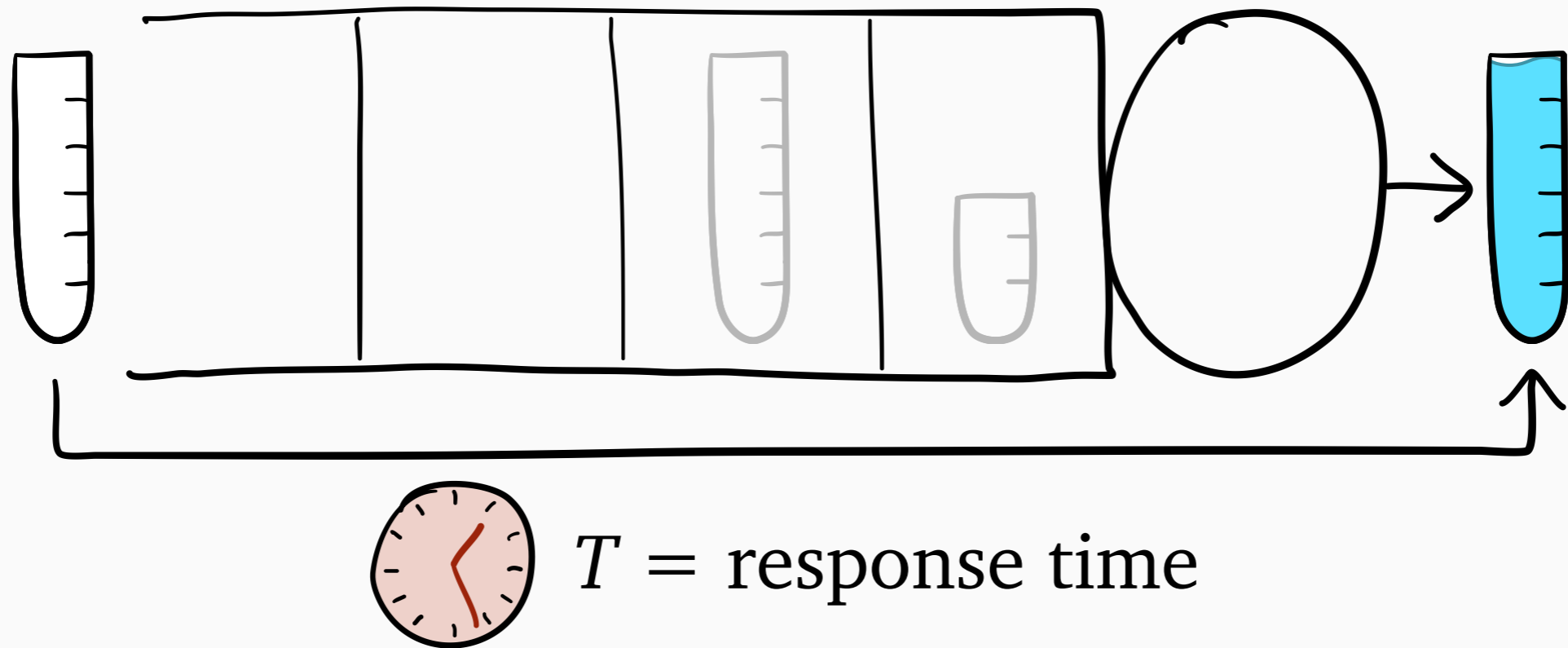
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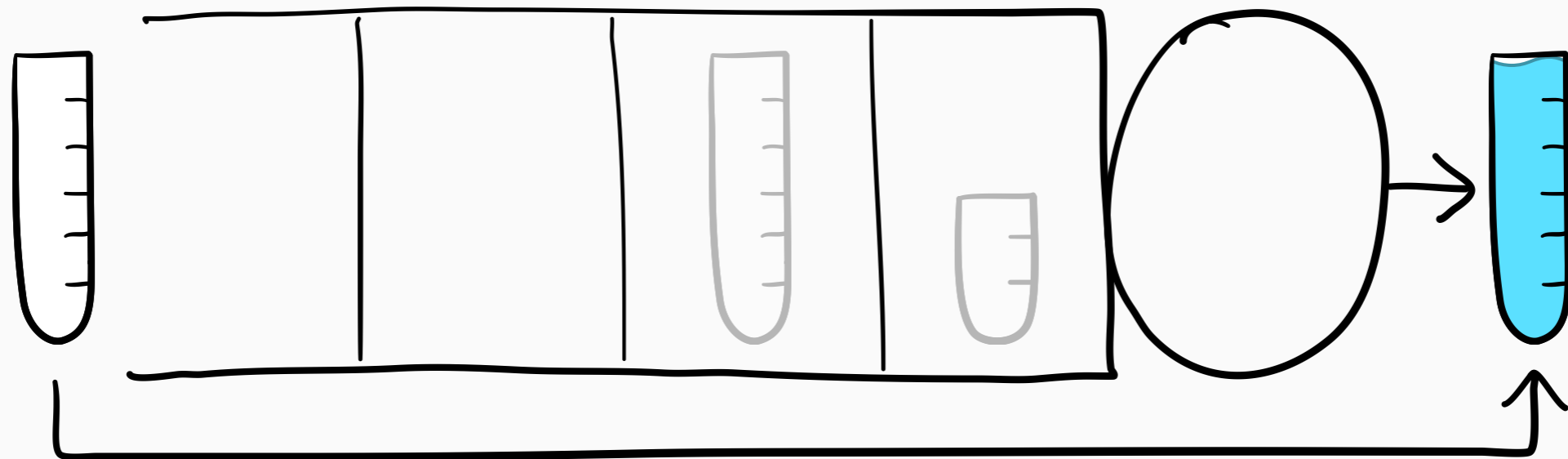


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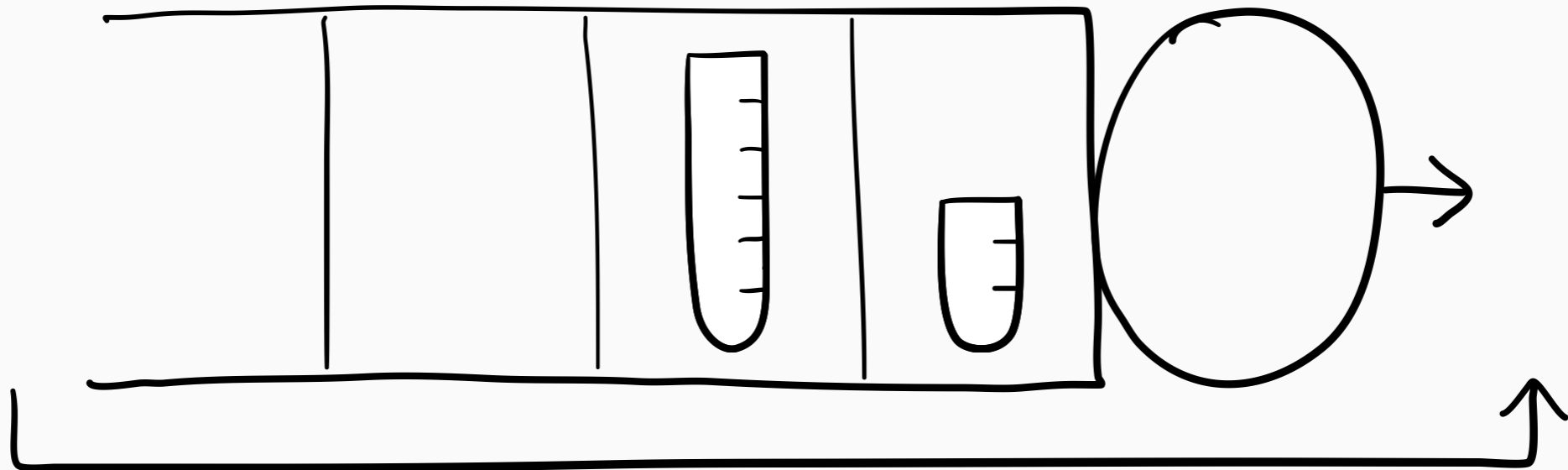
$E[T]$



$T =$ response time

How should we schedule jobs to minimize delay?

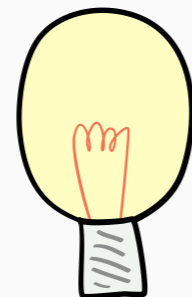
$E[T]$



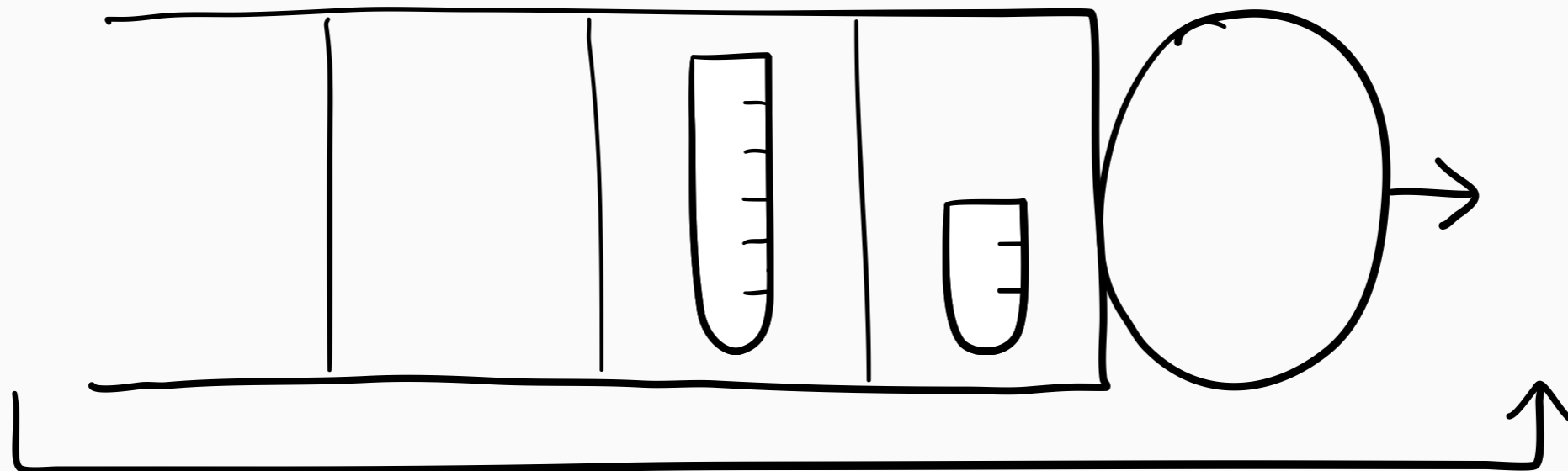
$T = \text{response time}$

How should we schedule jobs to minimize delay?

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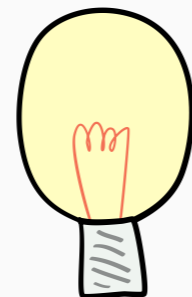
Serve short jobs before long jobs



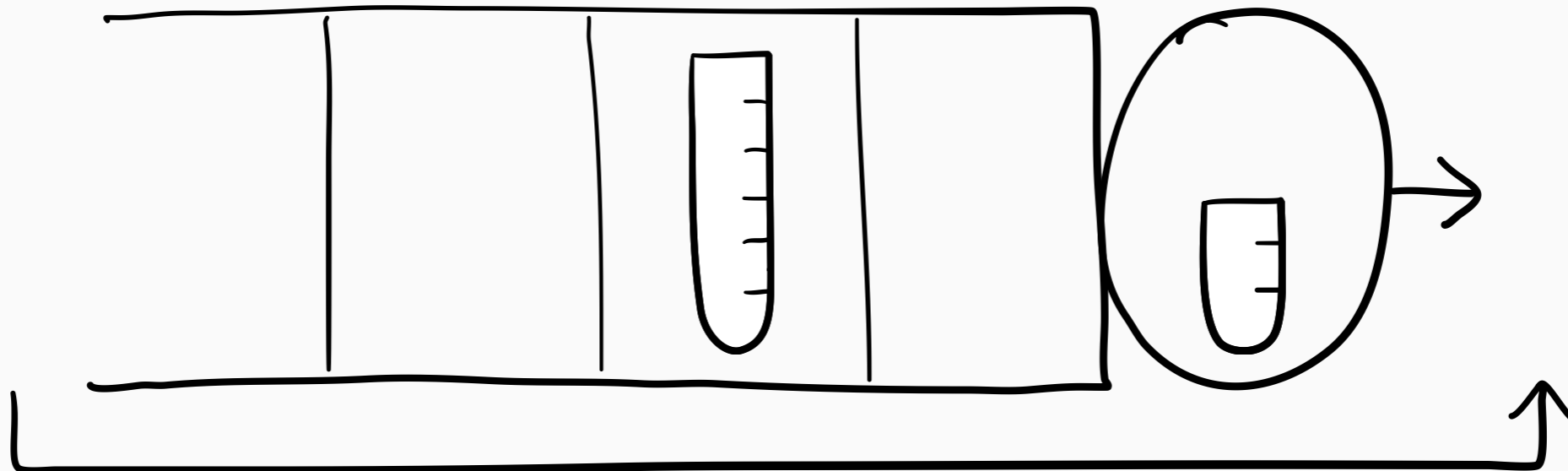
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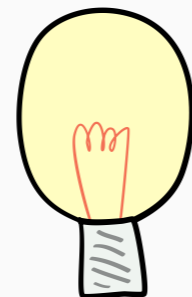
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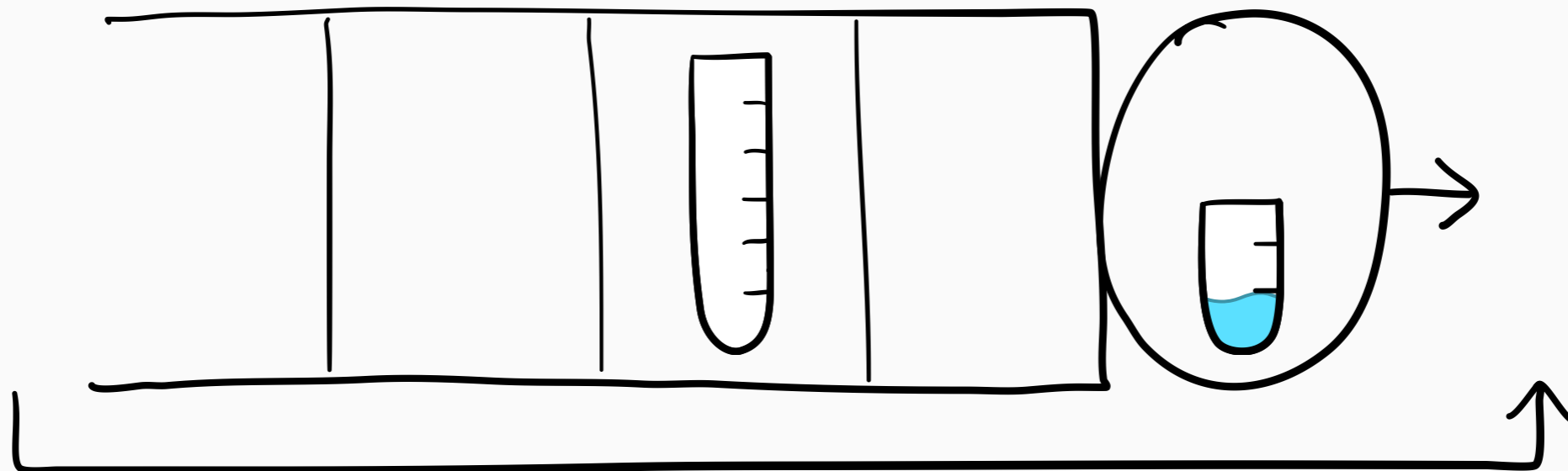
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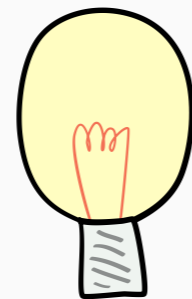
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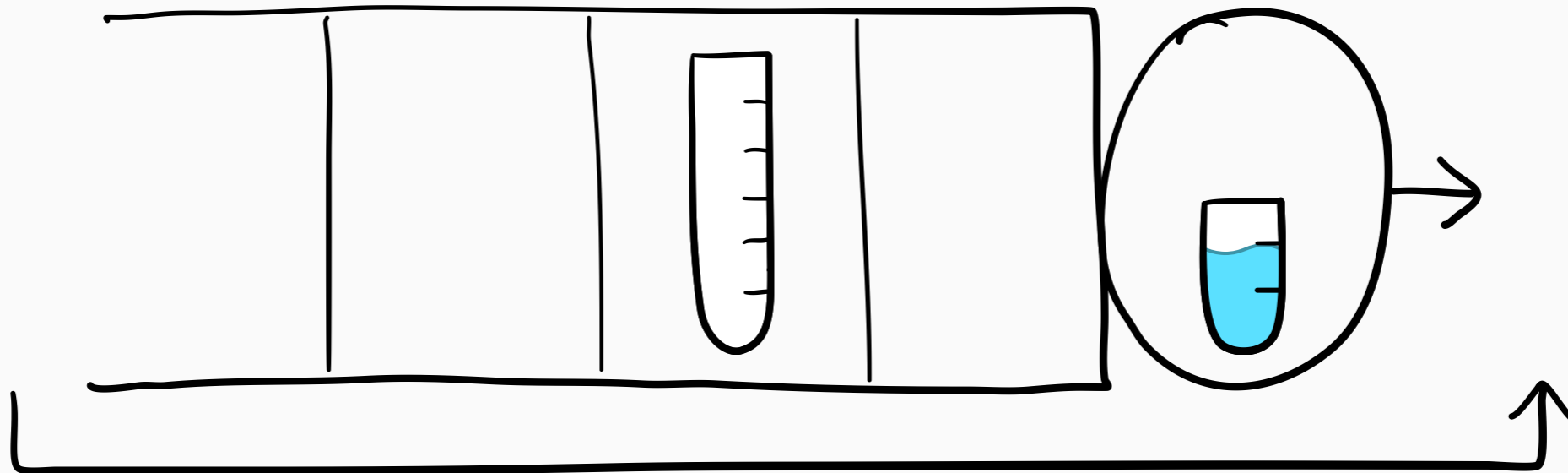
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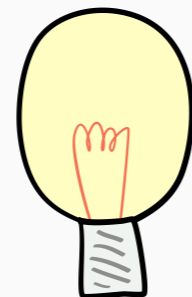
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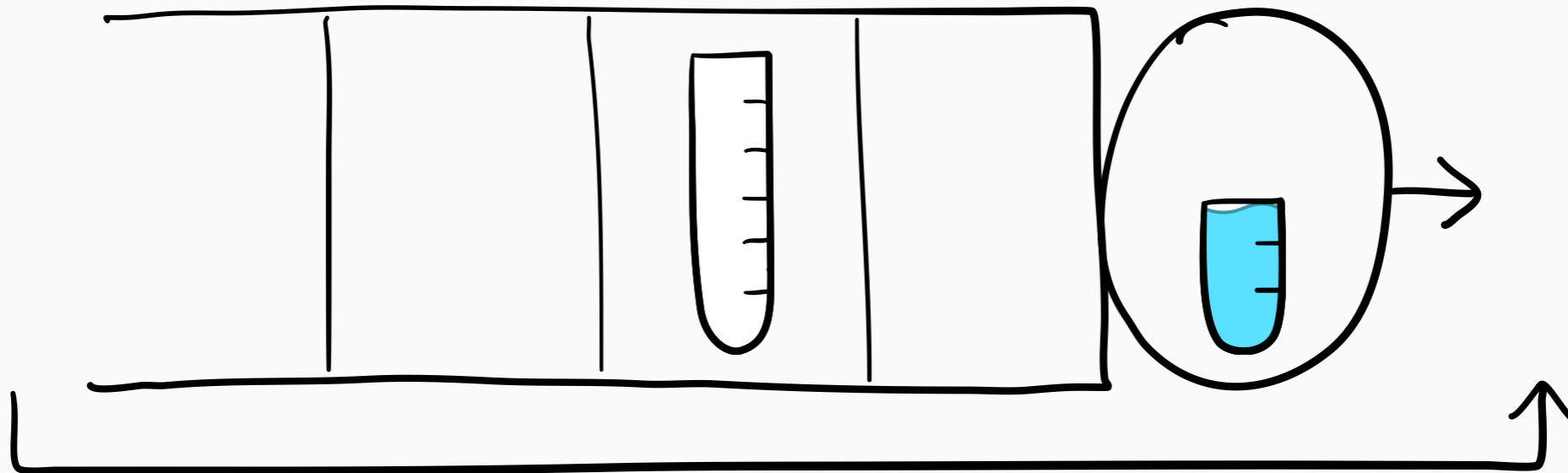
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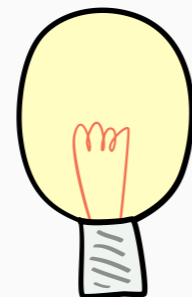
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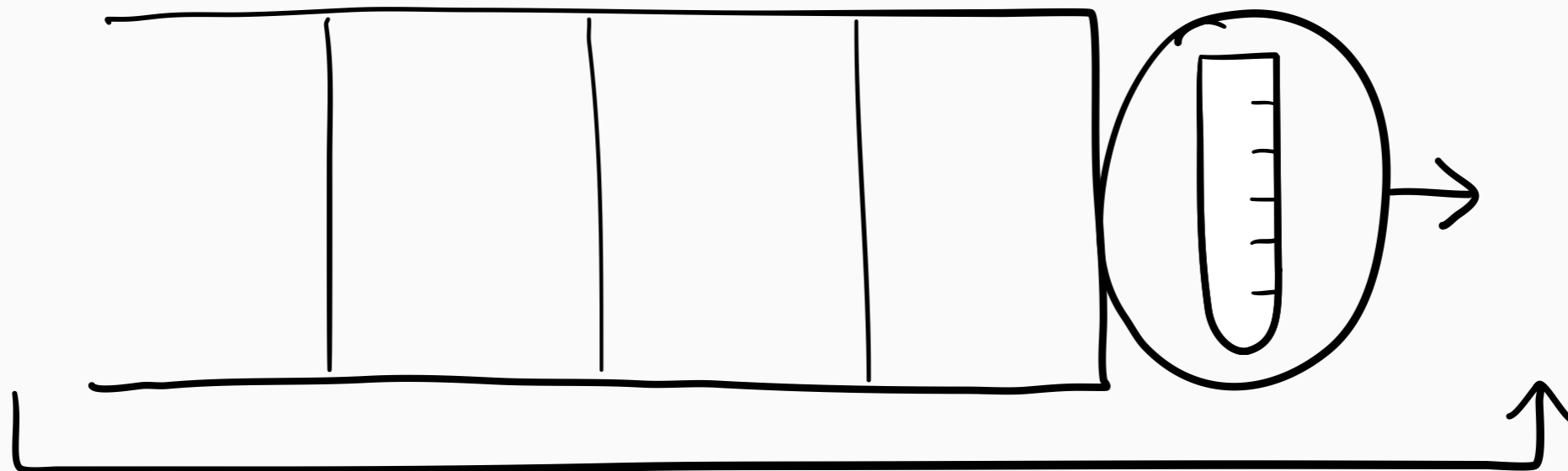
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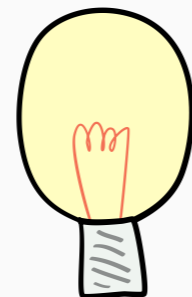
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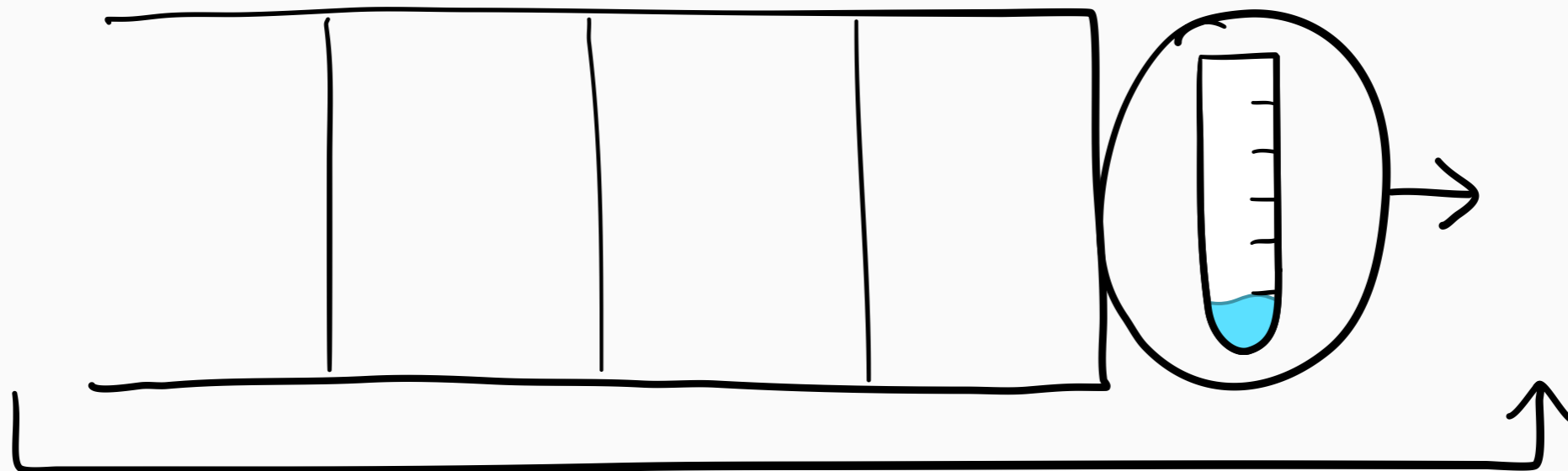
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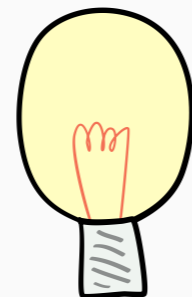
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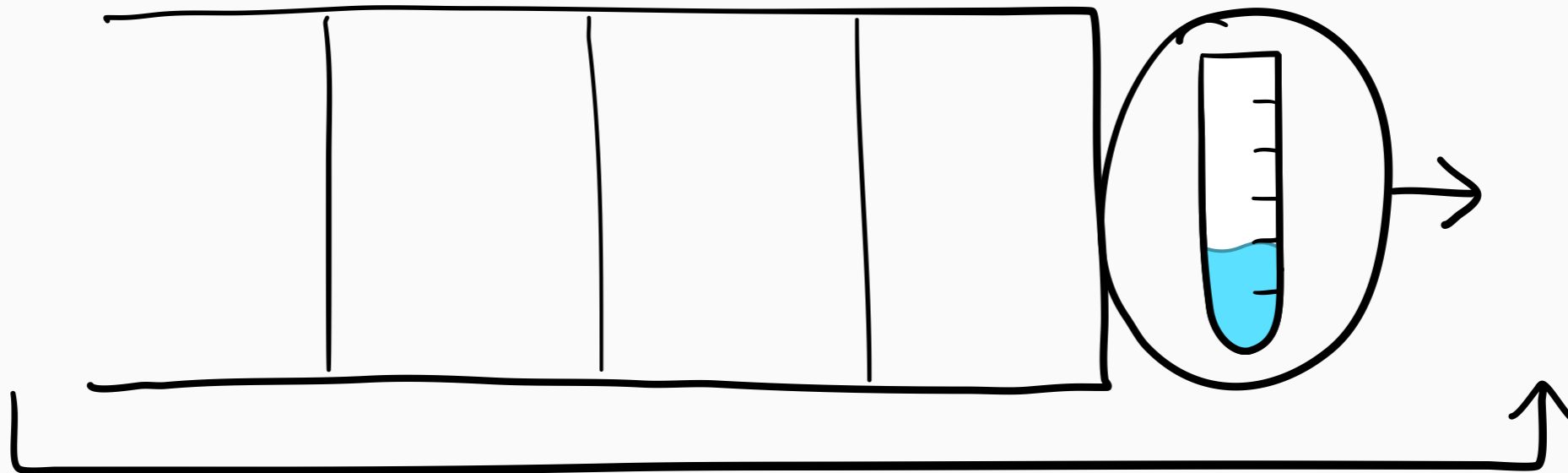
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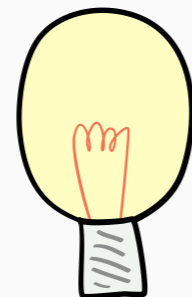
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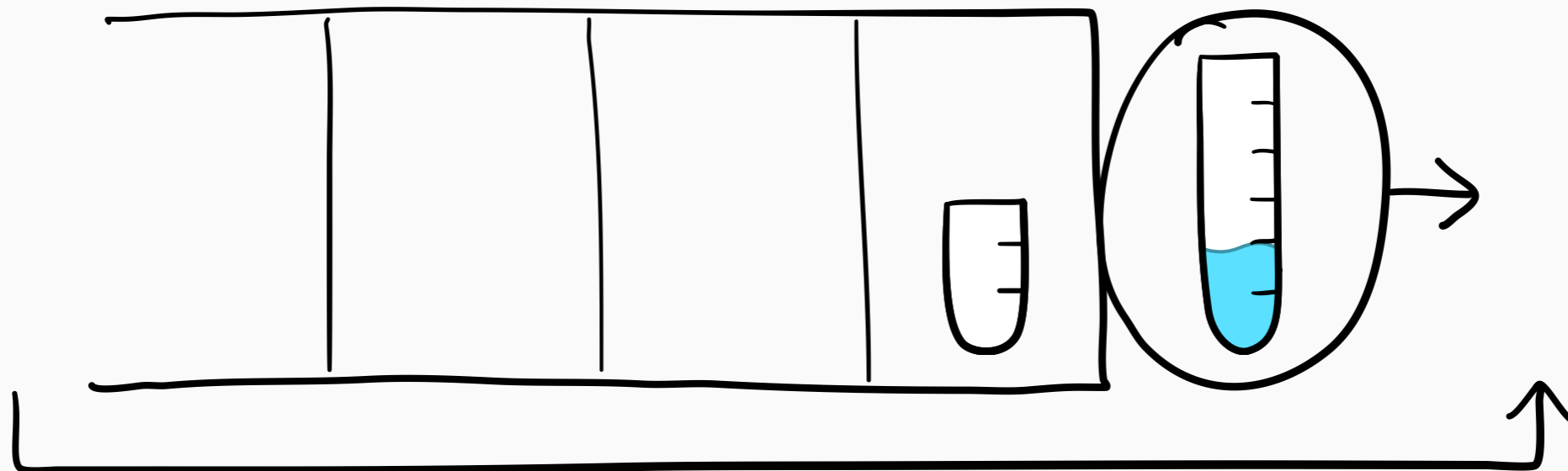
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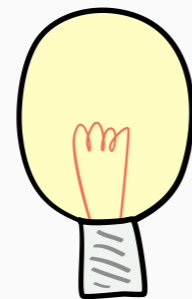
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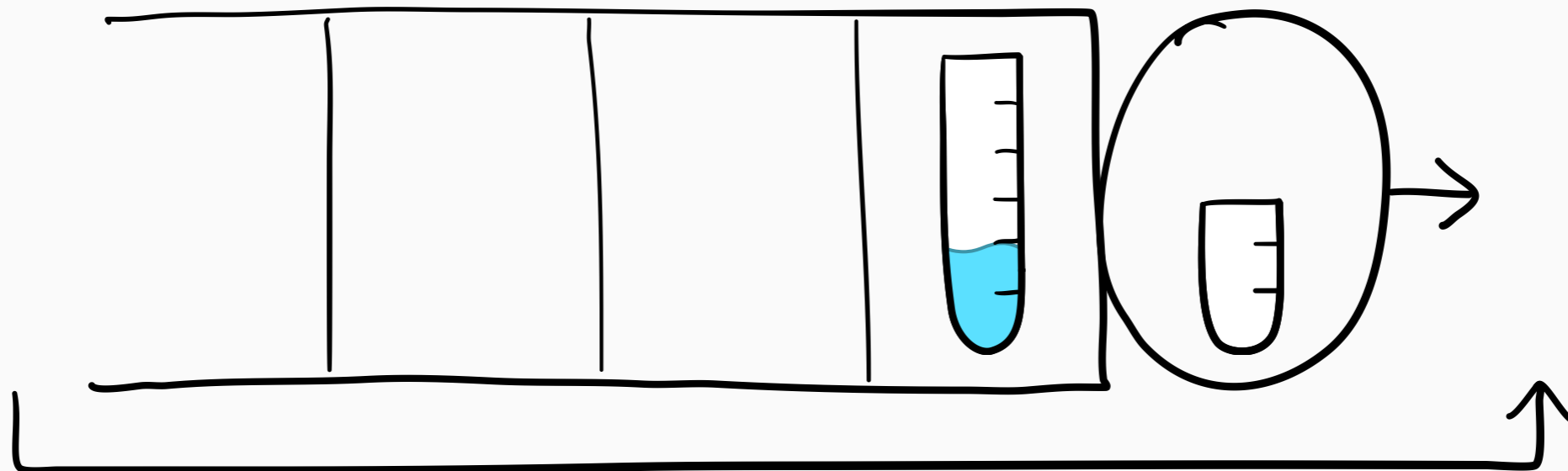
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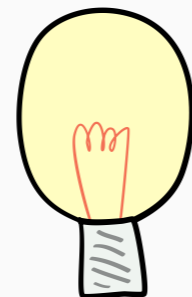
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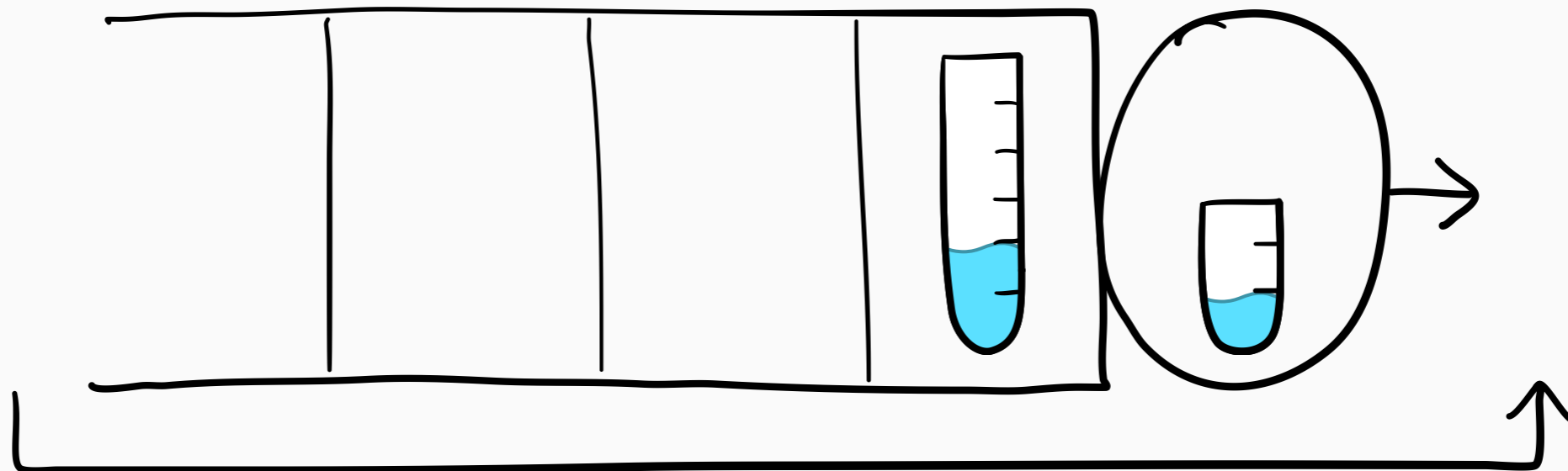
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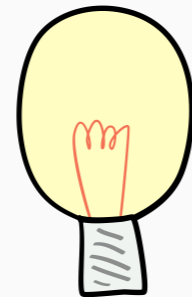
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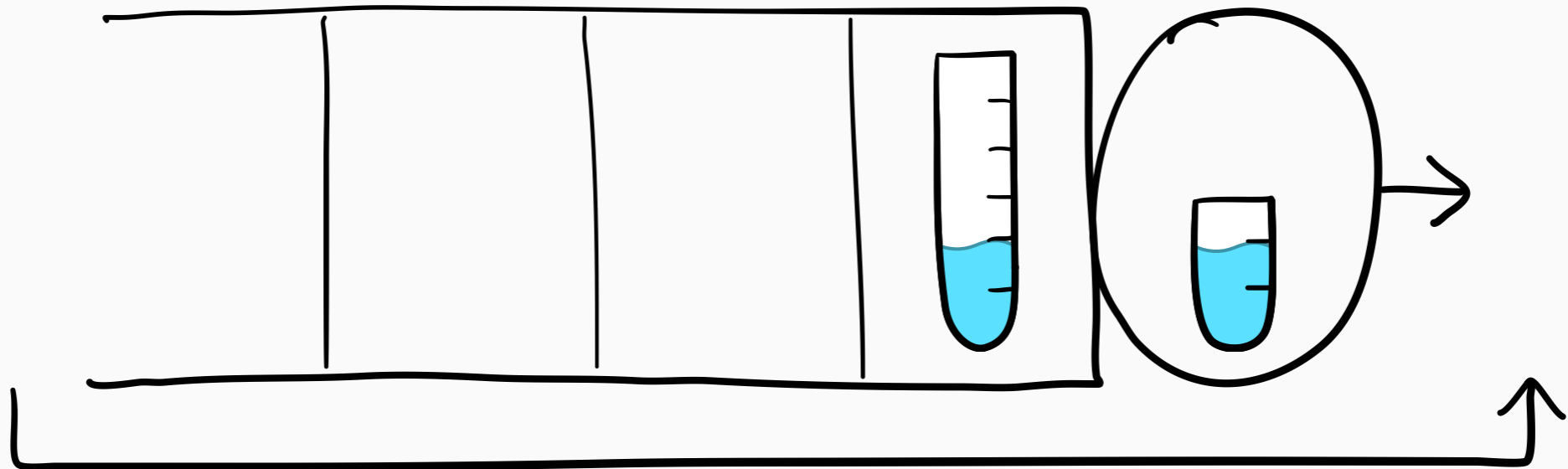
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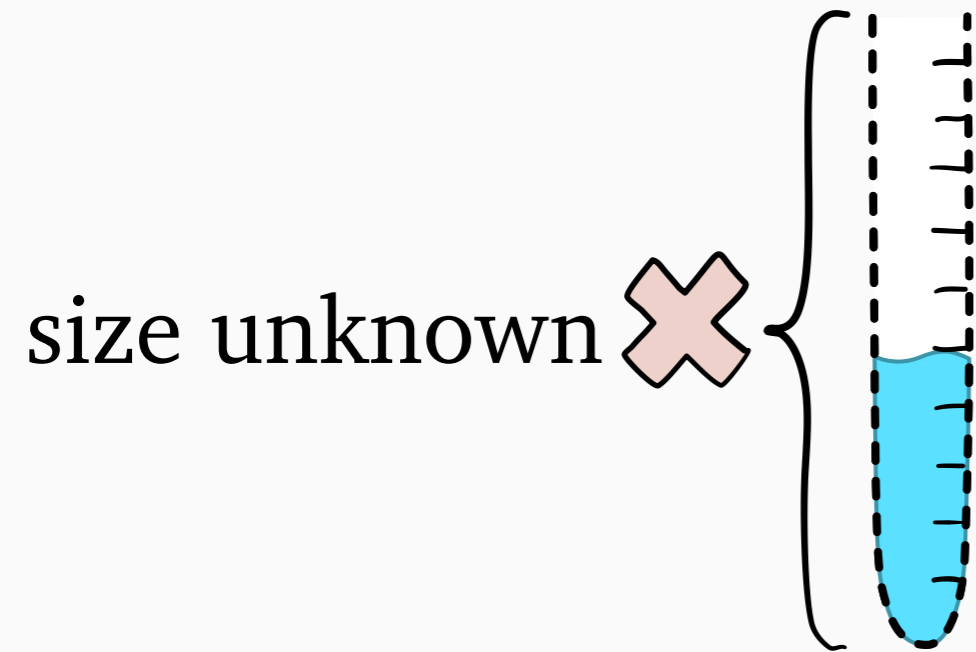
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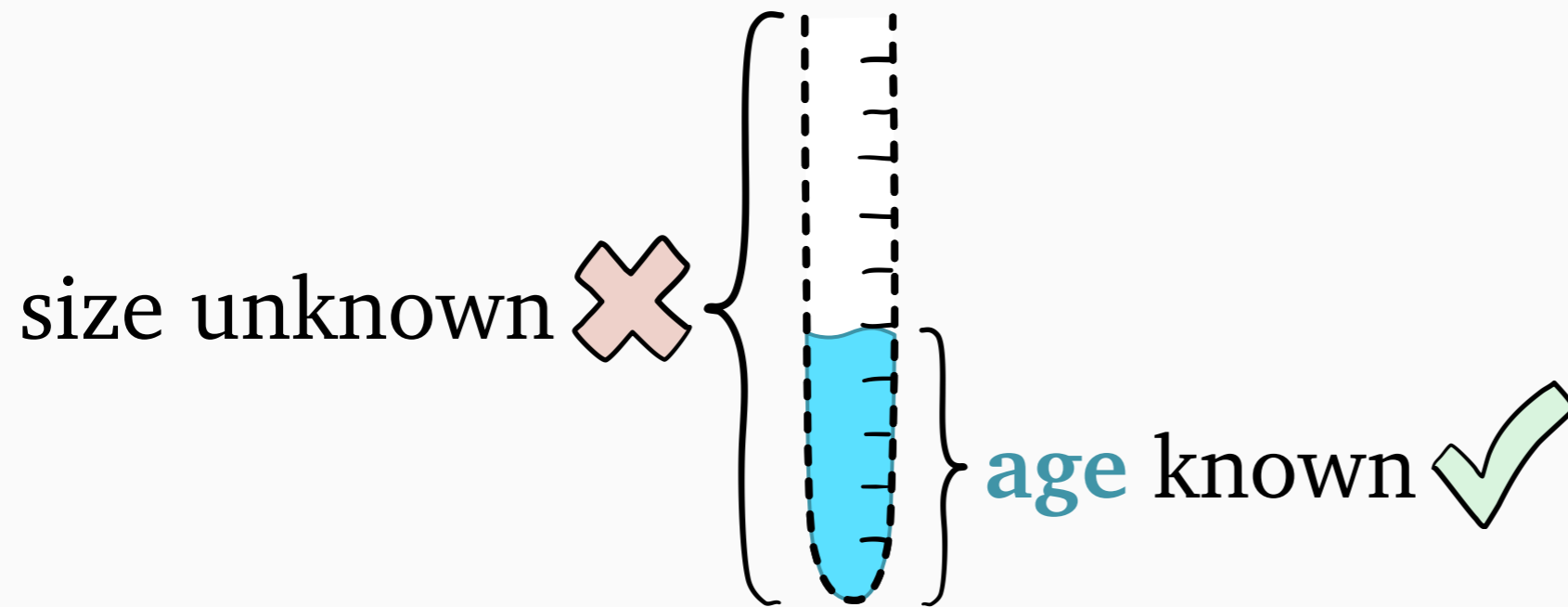
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Scheduling with **unknown** sizes

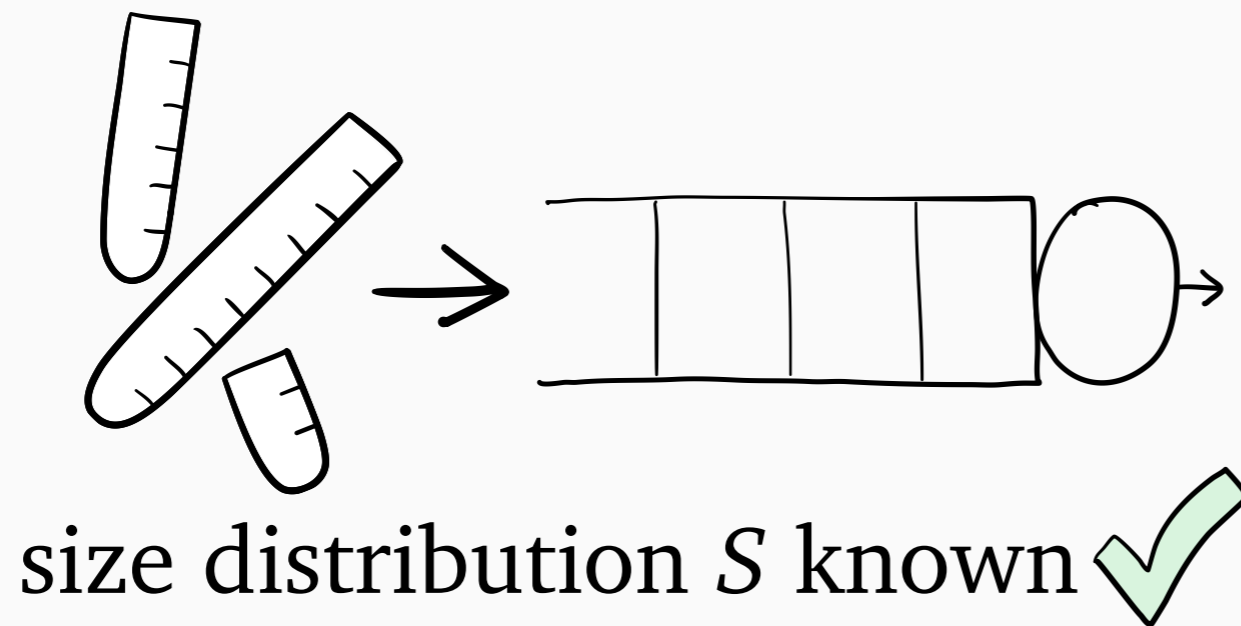
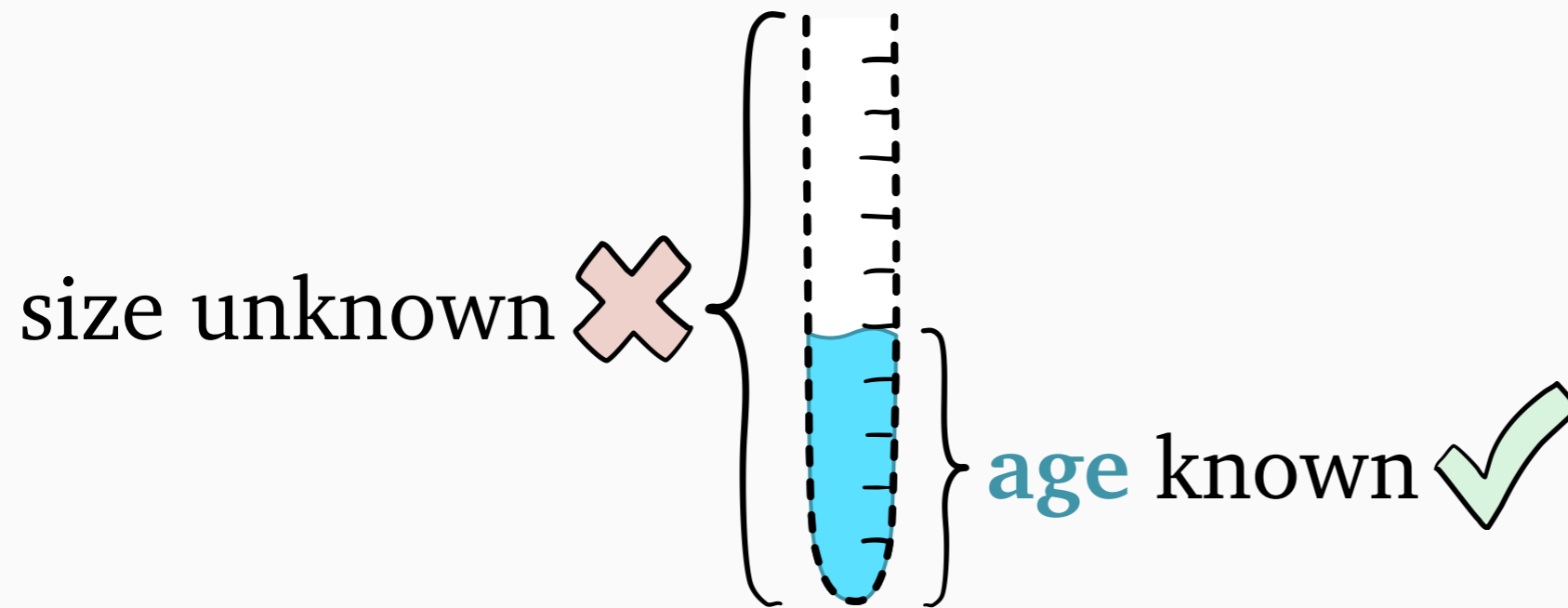
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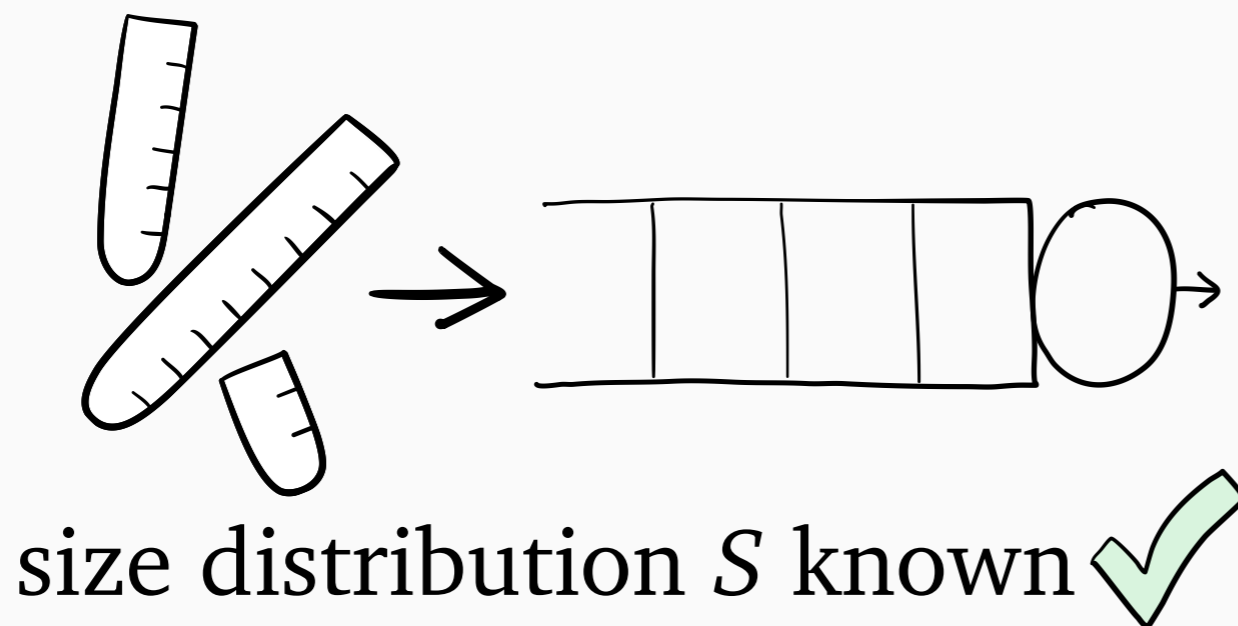
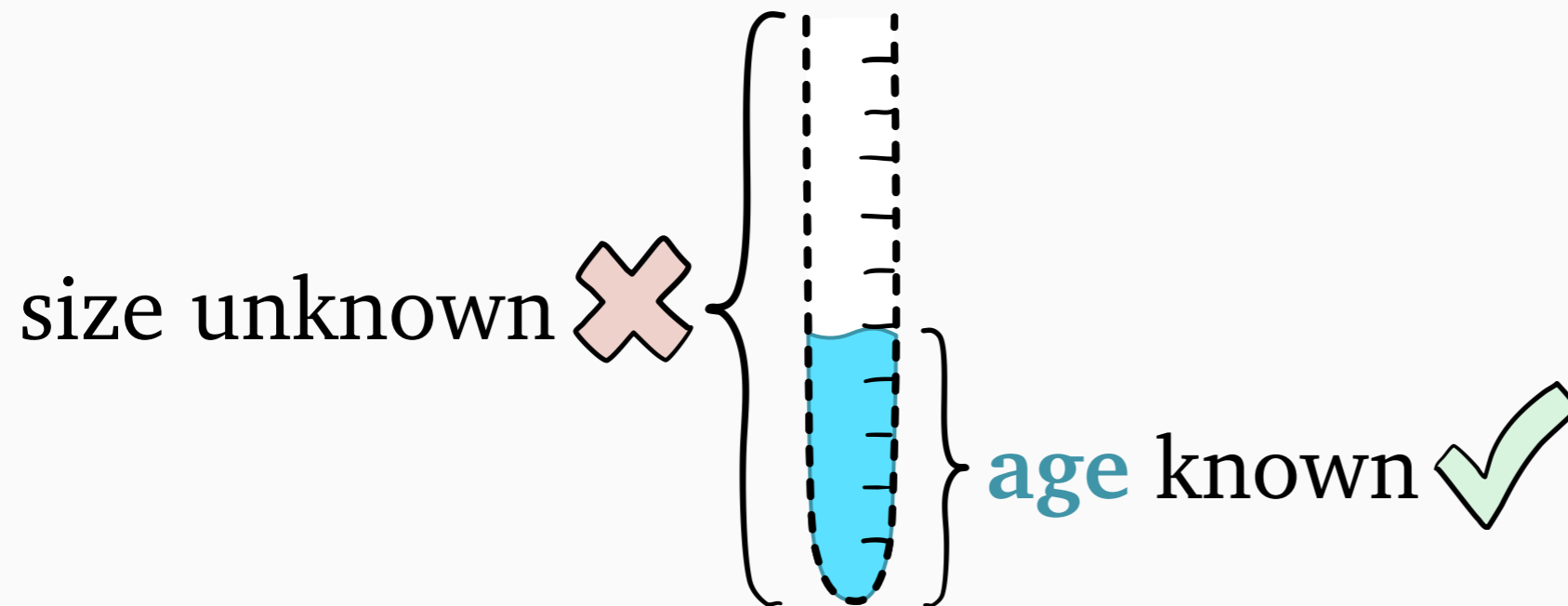
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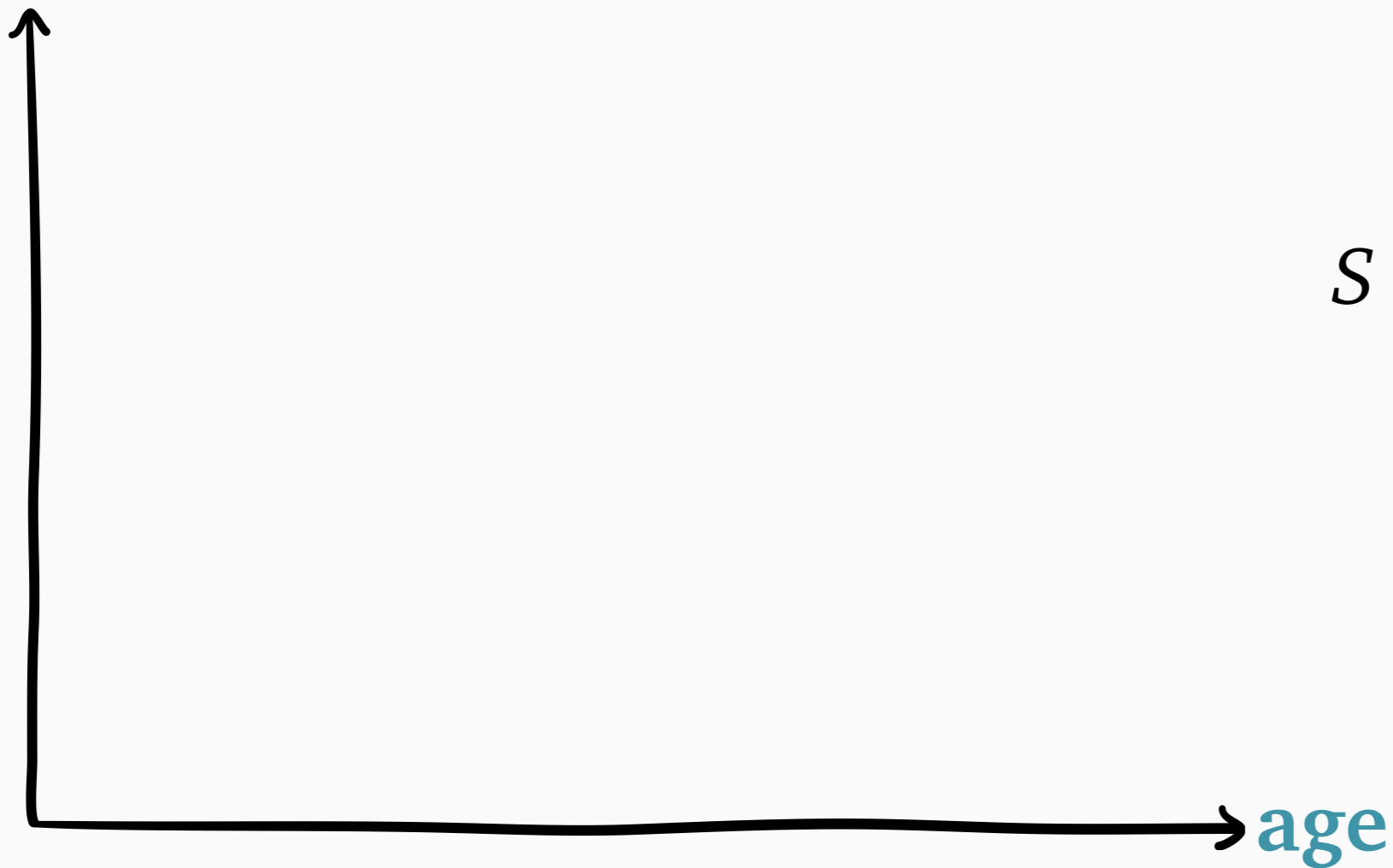


Example:

$$S = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{w.p. } \frac{1}{3} \\ 6 & \text{w.p. } \frac{1}{3} \\ 14 & \text{w.p. } \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

Scheduling with **unknown** sizes

rank



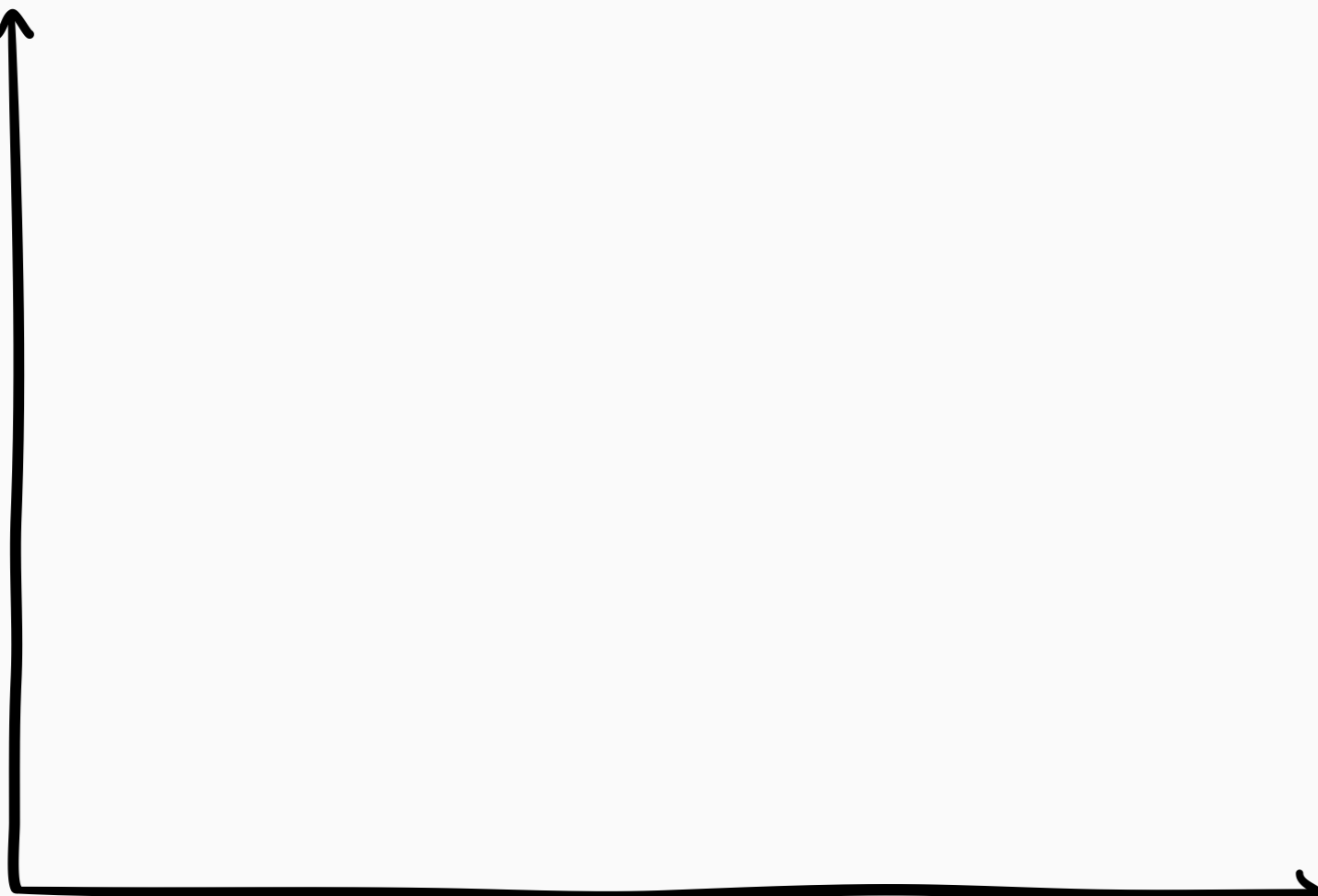
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Scheduling with **unknown** sizes

priority

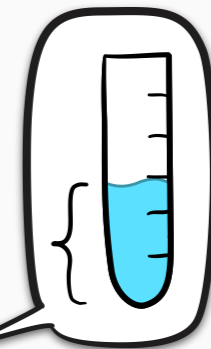
rank



age

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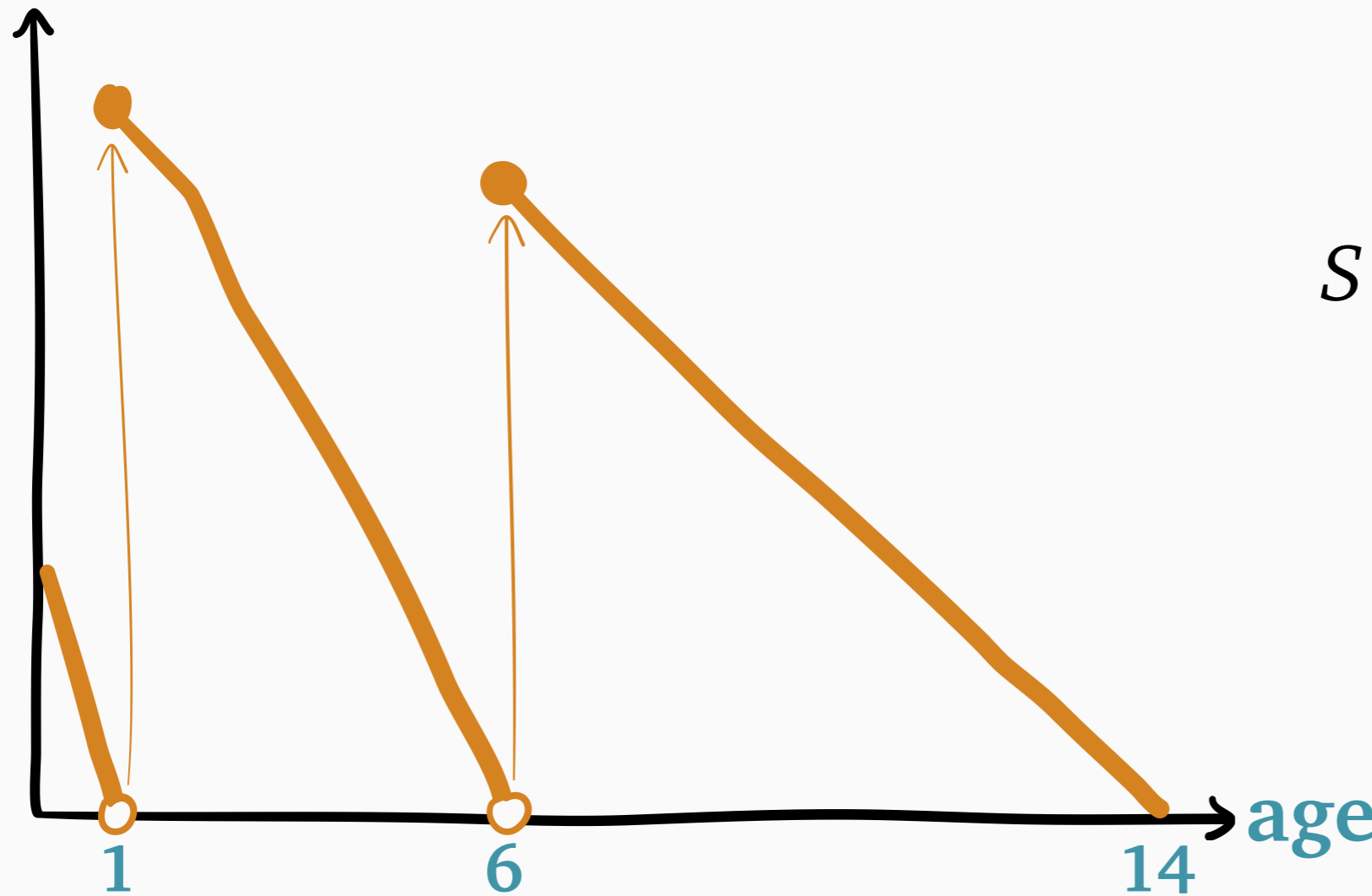
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Scheduling with **unknown** sizes

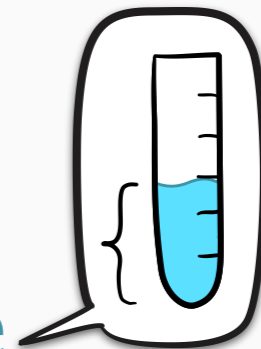
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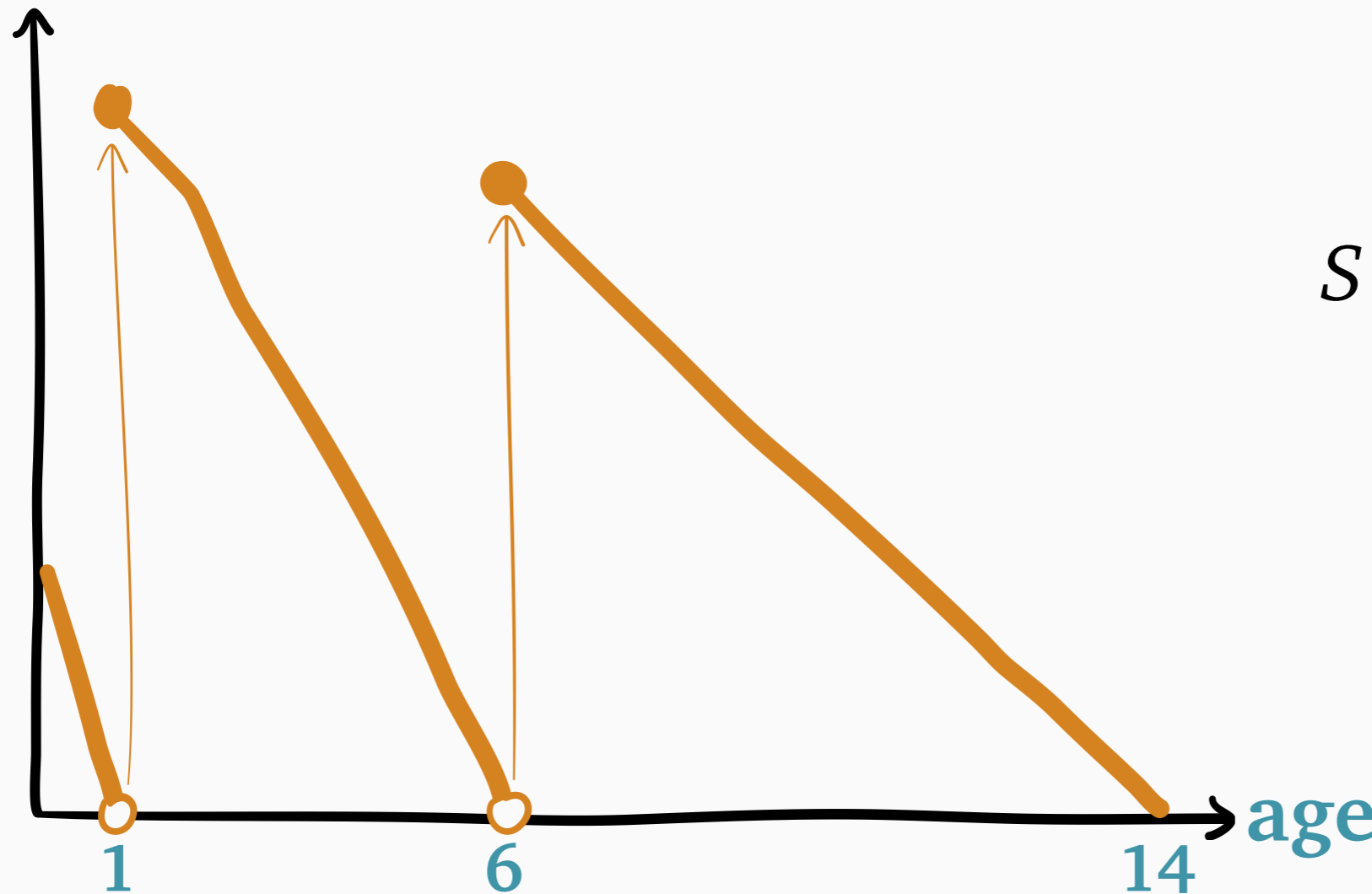


Scheduling with **unknown** sizes

Gittins policy

priority

rank



Example:

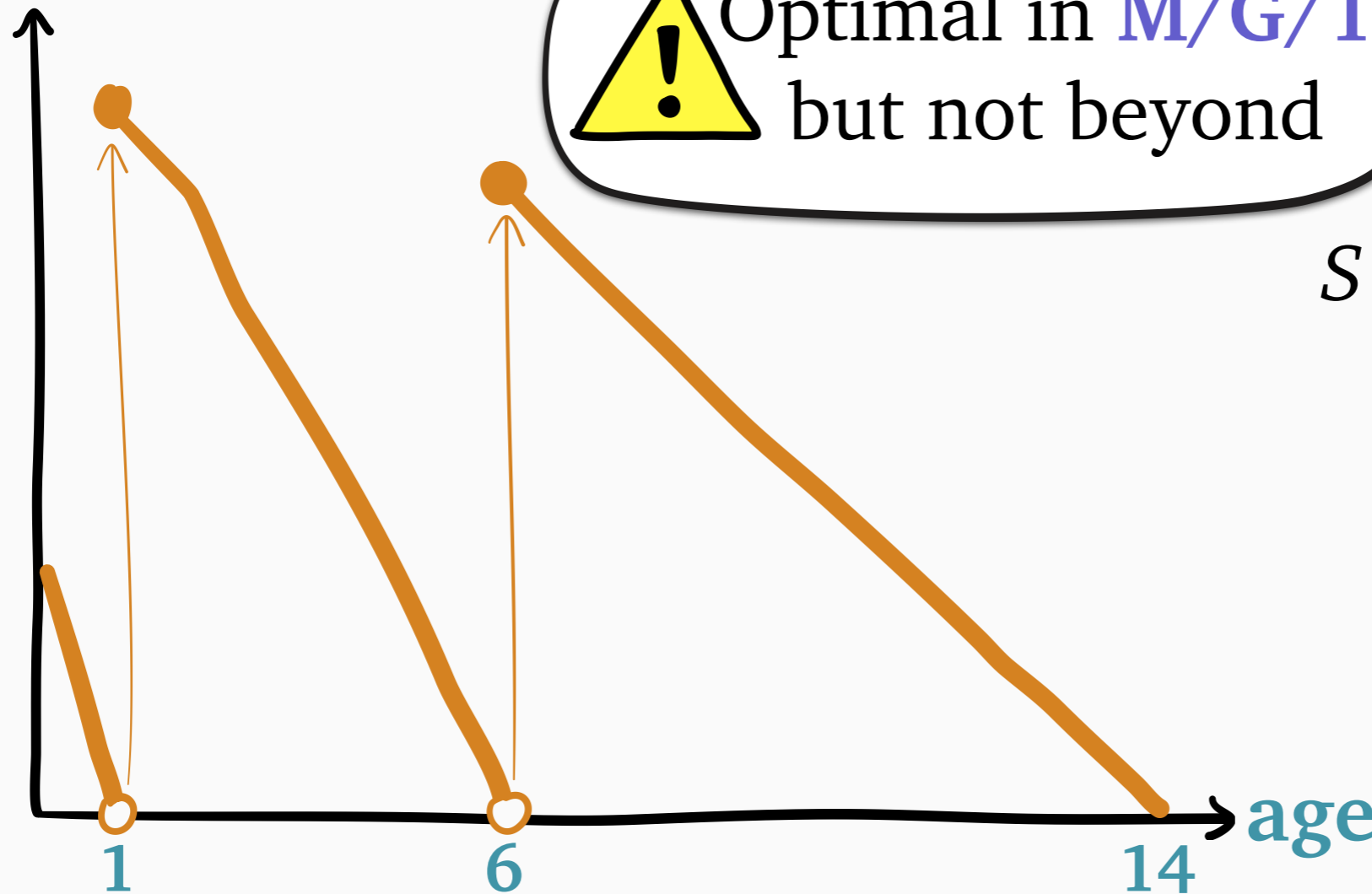
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Gittins policy

priority

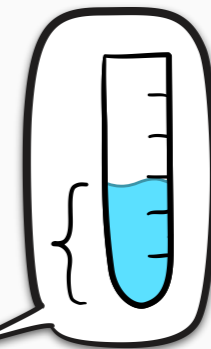
rank



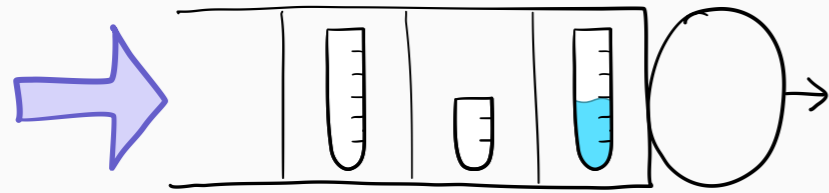
Optimal in **M/G/1**,
but not beyond

Example:

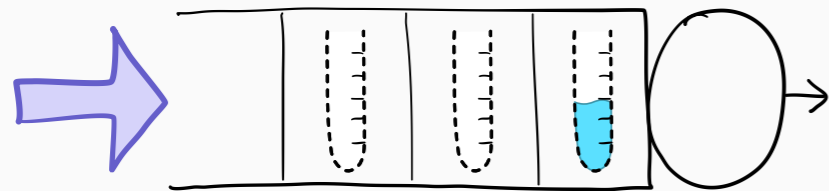
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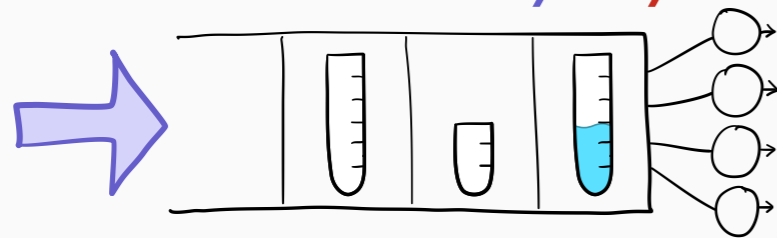
SRPT in $M/G/1$



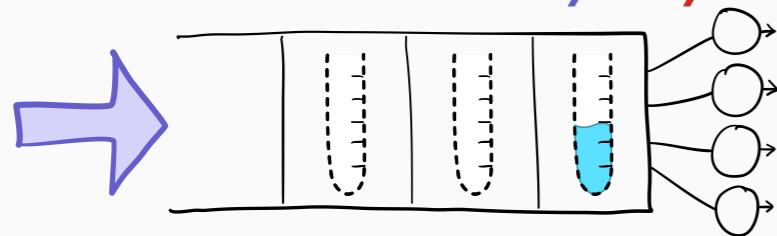
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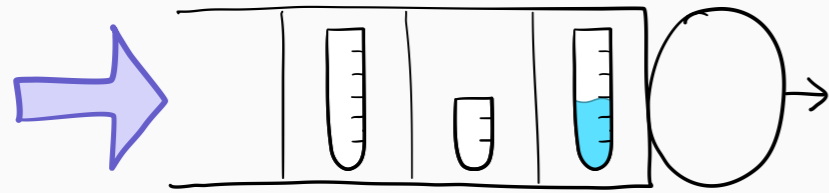
SRPT in $M/G/k$



Gittins in $M/G/k$

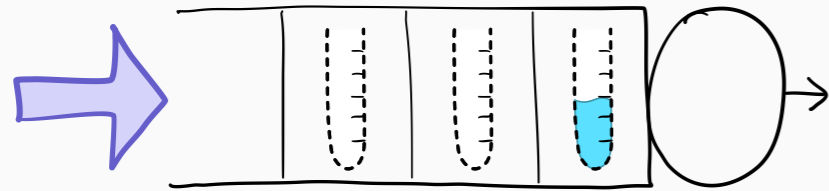


SRPT in M/G/1

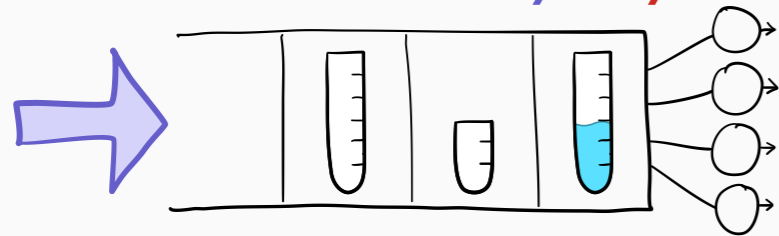


1966: compute $E[T]$ (Schrage & Miller)

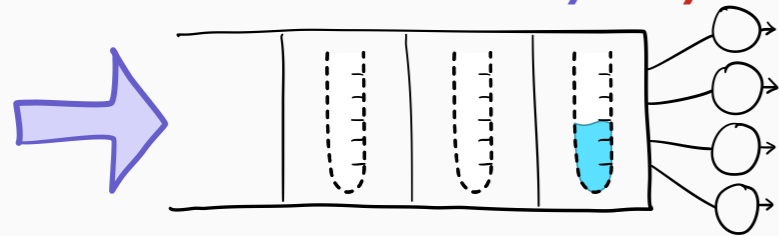
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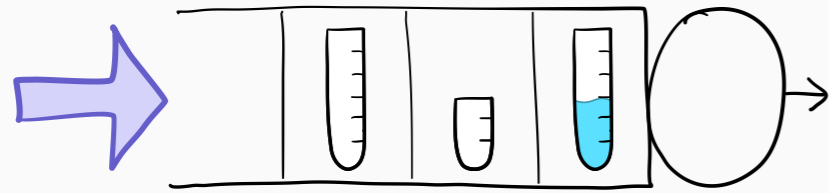
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Gittins in M/G/k



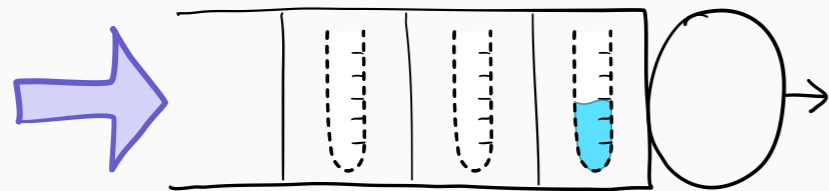
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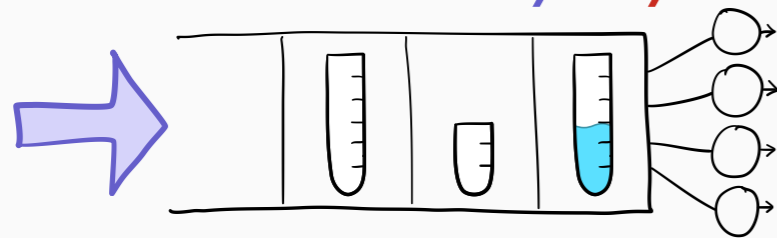
1966: compute $E[T]$ (Schrage & Miller)

1968: optimal (Schrage)

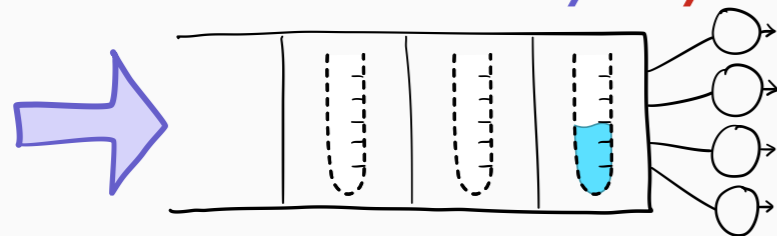
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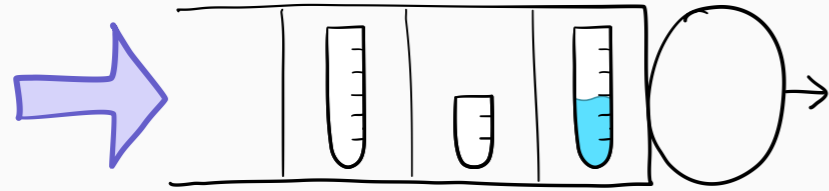
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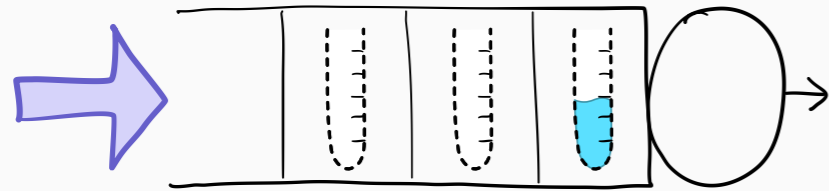
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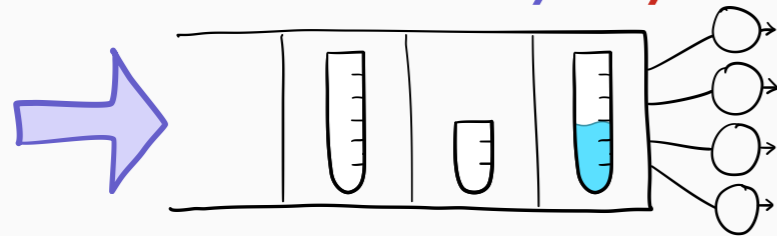
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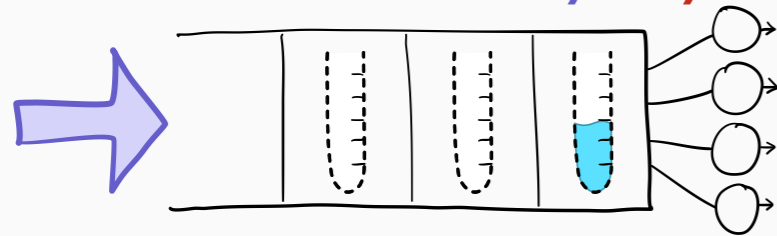


1970s: optimal (Sevcik; von Olivier; Gittins)

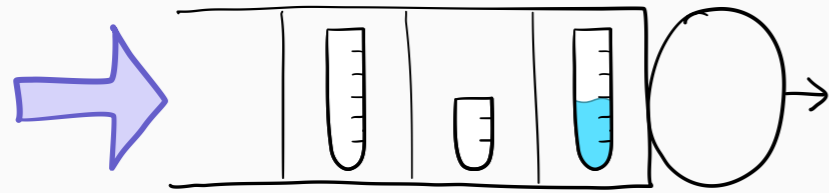
SRPT in $M/G/k$



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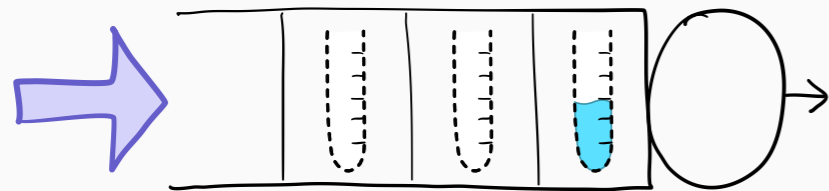
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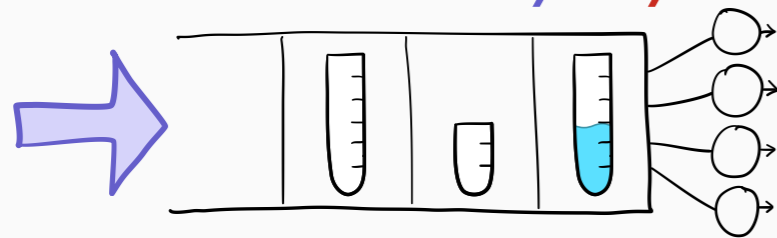
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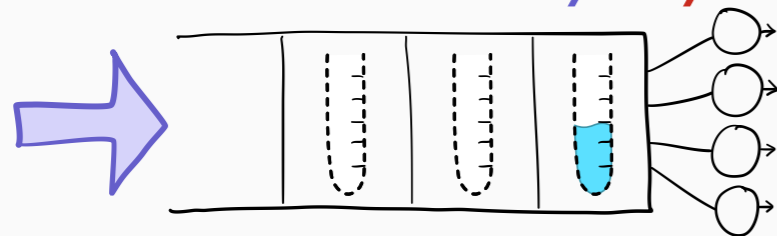
1970s: optimal (Sevcik; von Olivier; Gittins)

2005: $E[T]$ in $M/M/1$ (Whittle)

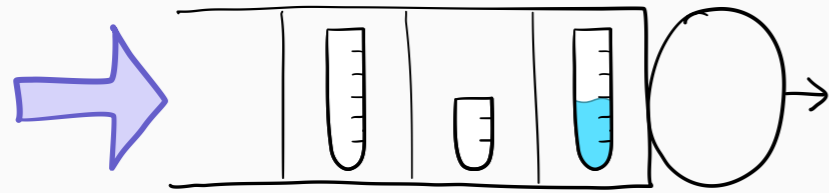
SRPT in $M/G/k$



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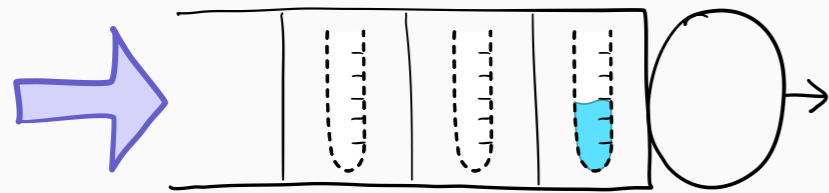
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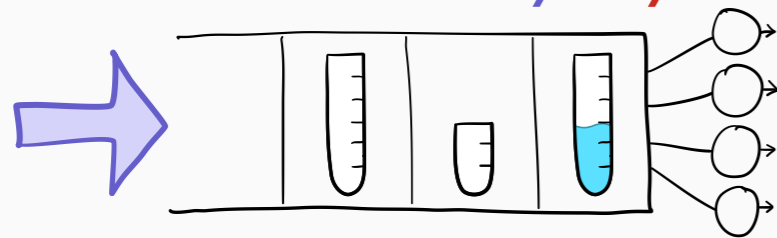


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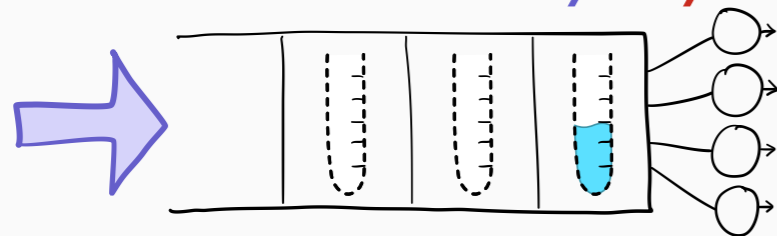
2005: $E[T]$ in $M/M/1$ (Whittle)

2018: $E[T]$ in $M/G/1$ (Scully et al.)

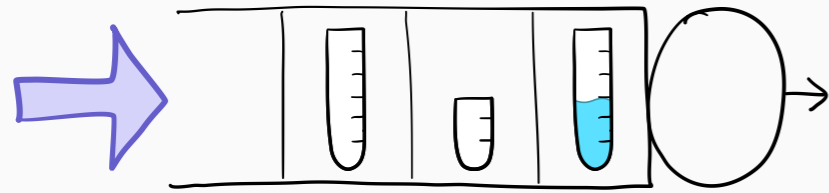
SRPT in $M/G/k$



Gittins in $M/G/k$



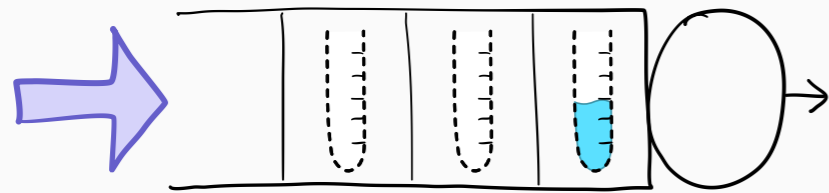
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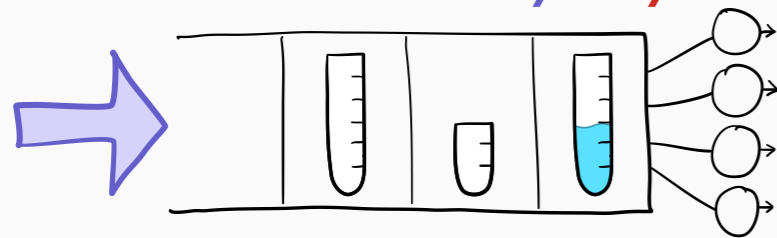


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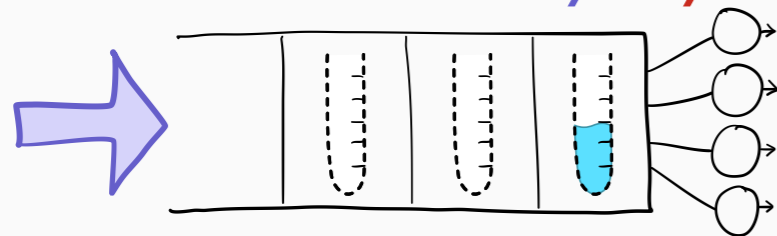
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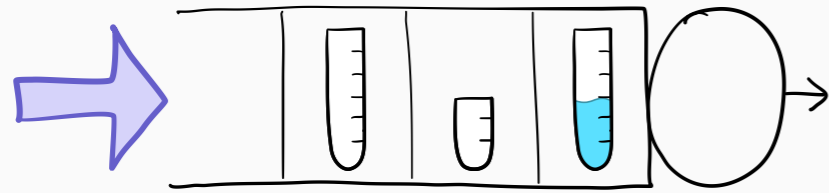


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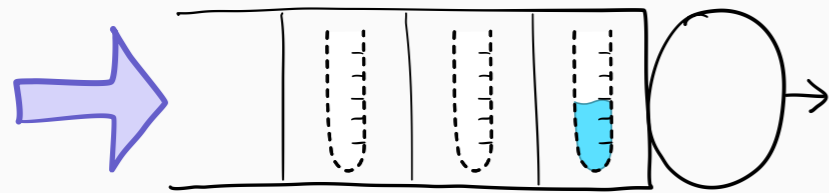
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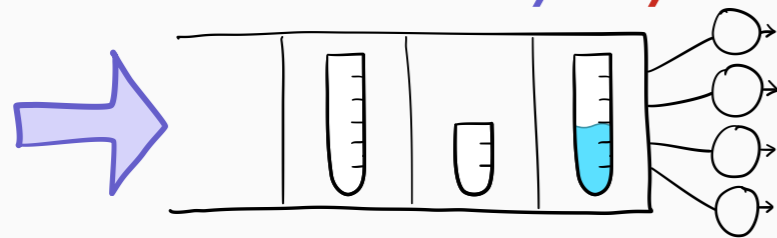


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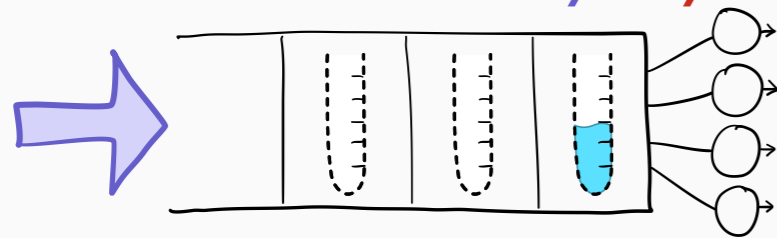
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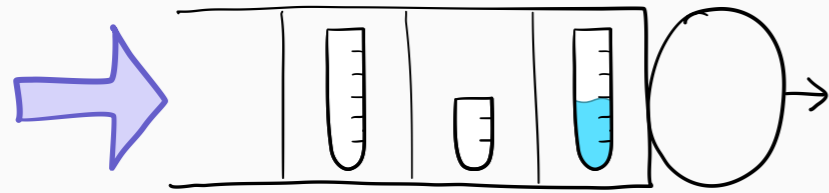
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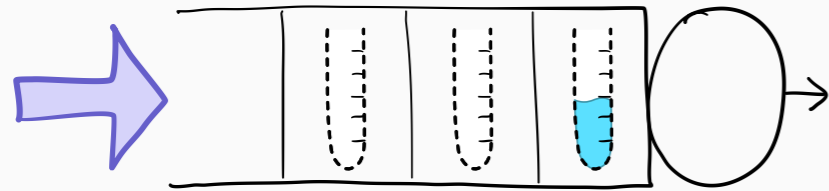
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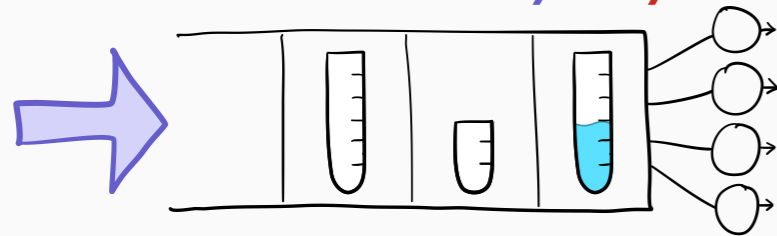


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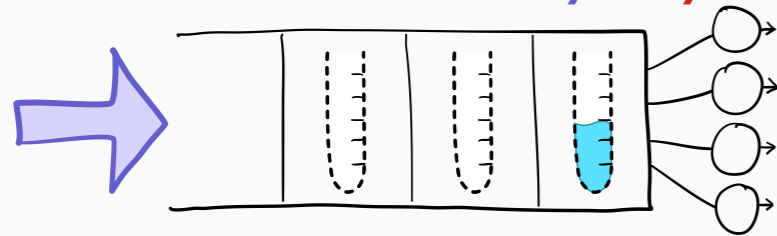
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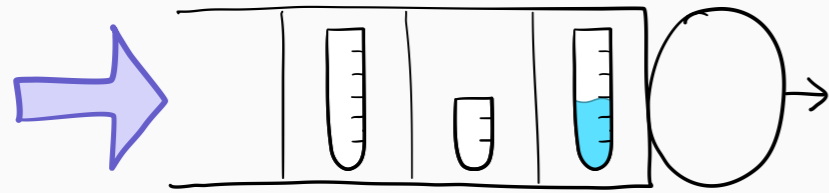
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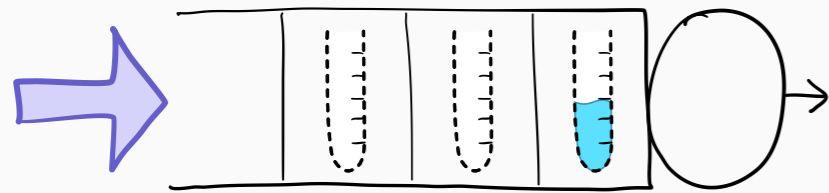
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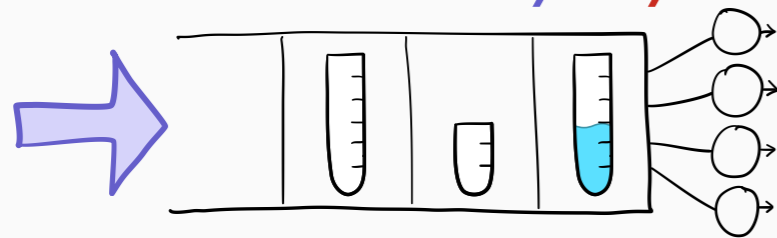


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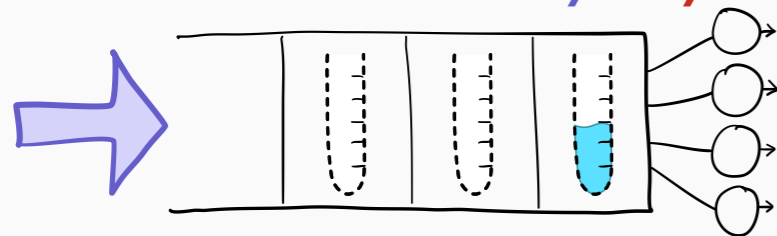
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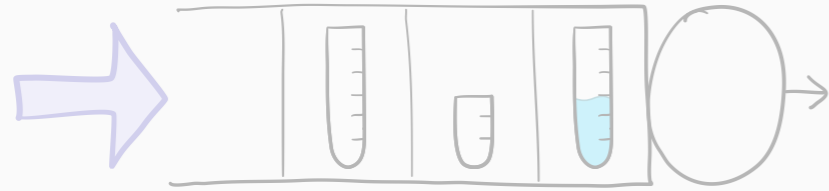


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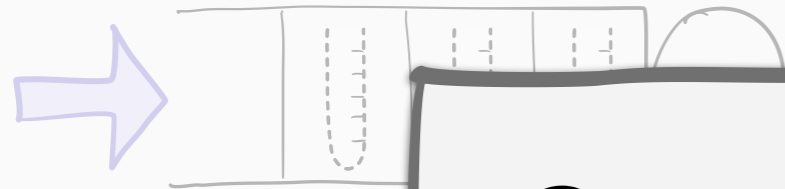
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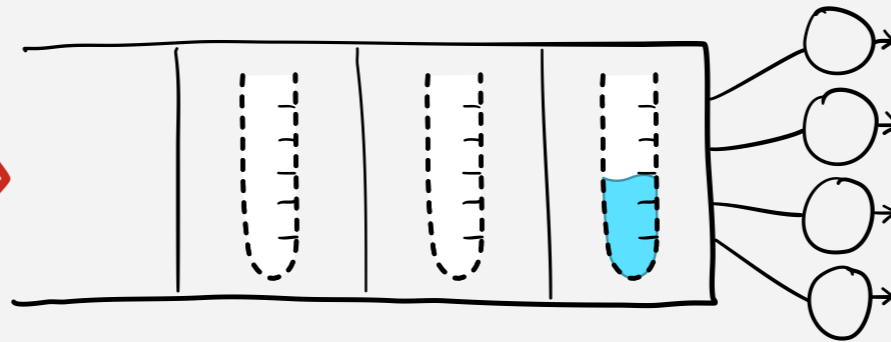
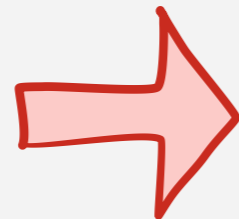
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Our work: G/G arrivals

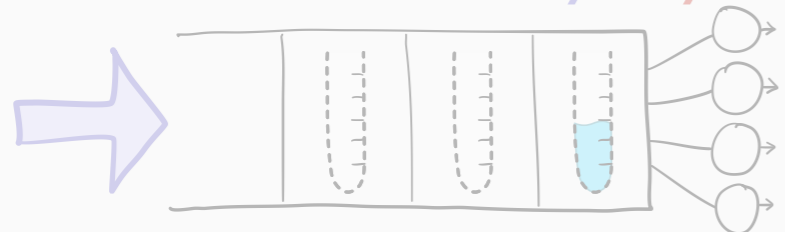


SRPT in

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states of all jobs
(**Gittins**-specific)

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Strategy 2

states of all jobs
(Gittins-specific)

2018: $E[T]$ bound, “near-optimal” (Grosz et al.)

Strategy 3

work in system
(Gittins-specific)

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Strategy 2

states of
(Gittins-s

Our work:

Strategy 3 for **G/G** arrivals

1” (Grosz et al.)

Strategy 3

work in system
(Gittins-specific)

2001: M/M/k (Glazebrook & Niño-Mora)

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2020: preemptive M/G/k (Scully et al.)

Our result

$$\mathbf{E}[T_{\text{Gittins}}] - \mathbf{E}[T_{\text{opt}}] \leq \ell_{\text{multi}} + \ell_{\text{G/G}} + \ell_{\text{setup}}$$

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$$\ell_{\text{multi}} = 4\mathbf{E}[S] \log \frac{1}{1-\rho}$$

λ = arrival rate

S = job size

ρ = load = $\lambda\mathbf{E}[S]$

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$\mathbf{E}[R \mid \text{past}] \in [A_{\text{min}}, A_{\text{max}}]$

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Gittins is optimal
in heavy traffic

Our result

$$\mathbf{E}[T_{\text{Gittins}}] - \mathbf{E}[T_{\text{opt}}] \leq \ell_{\text{multi}} + \ell_{\text{G/G}} + \ell_{\text{setup}}$$

$\ell_{\text{multi}} =$



How does **Strategy 3** work?

$\ell_{\text{G/G}} =$

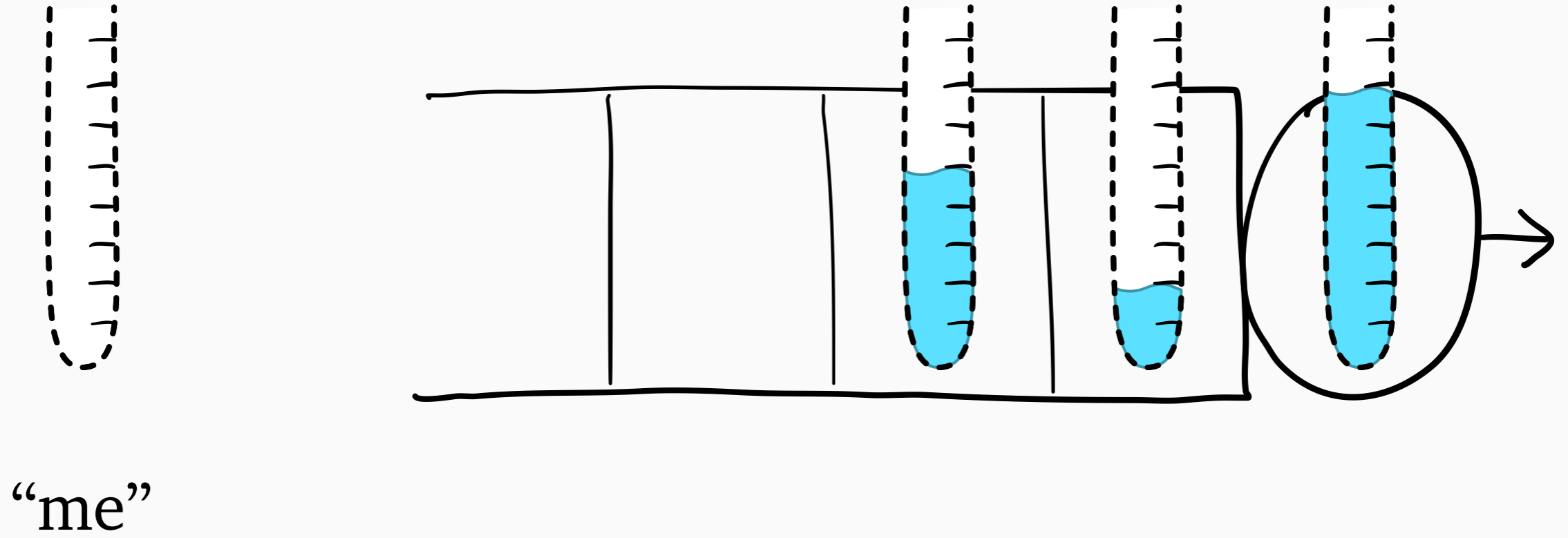
How do we handle **G/G** arrivals?

$\ell_{\text{setup}} =$

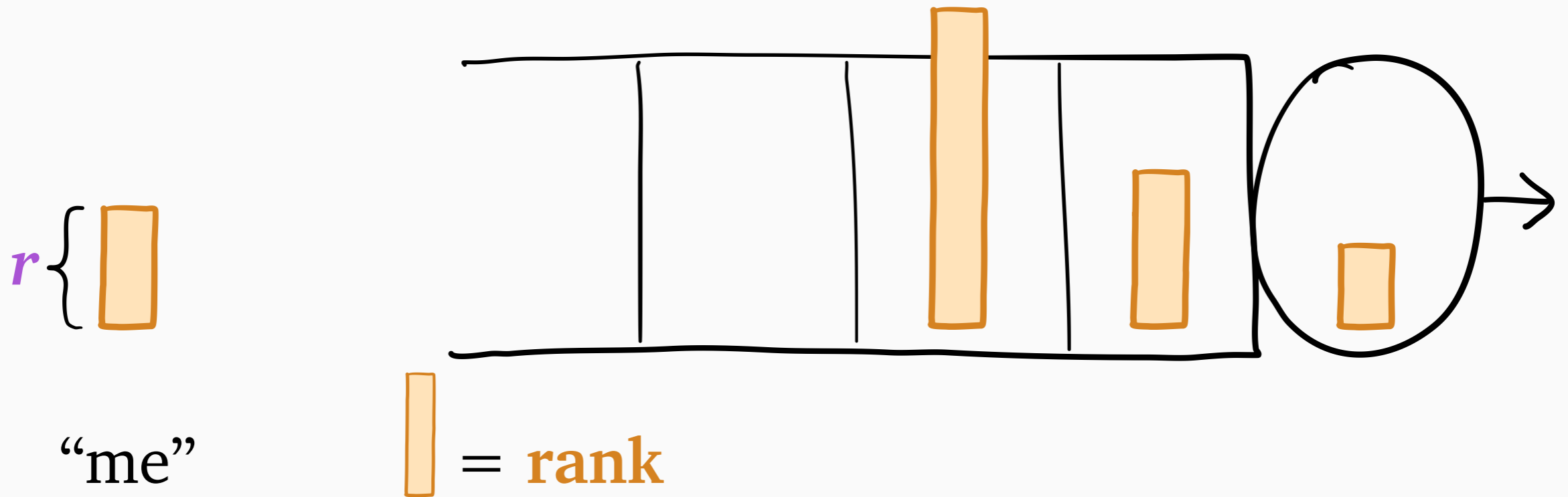


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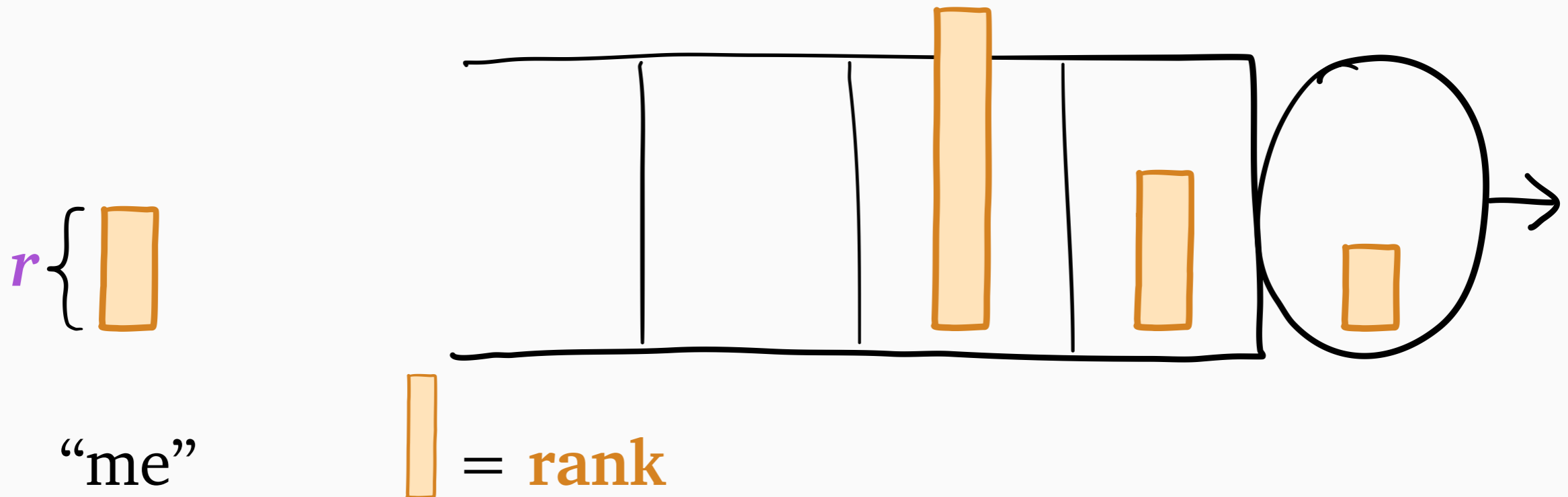
Key quantity: *r*-work



Key quantity: r -work

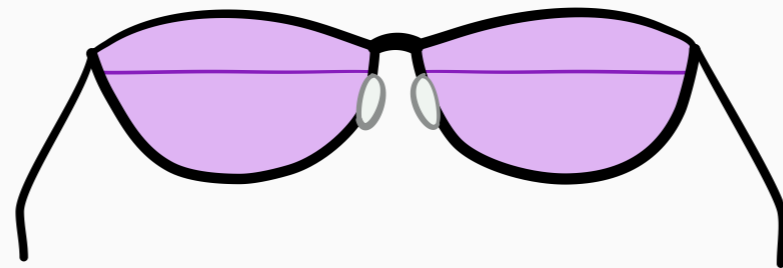
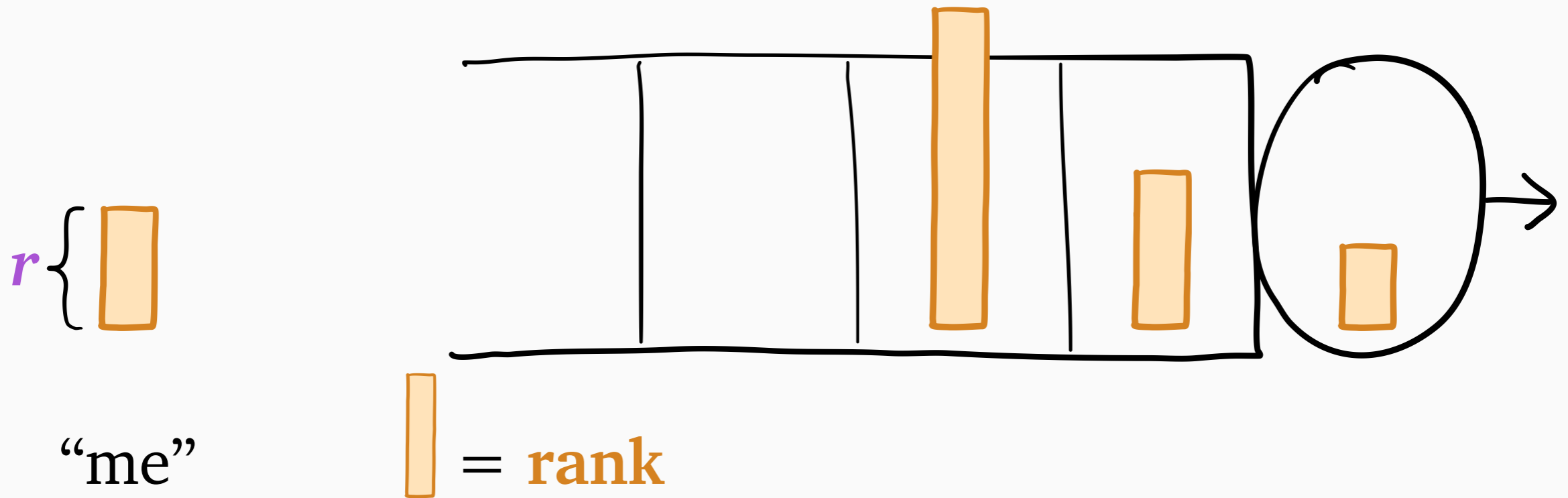


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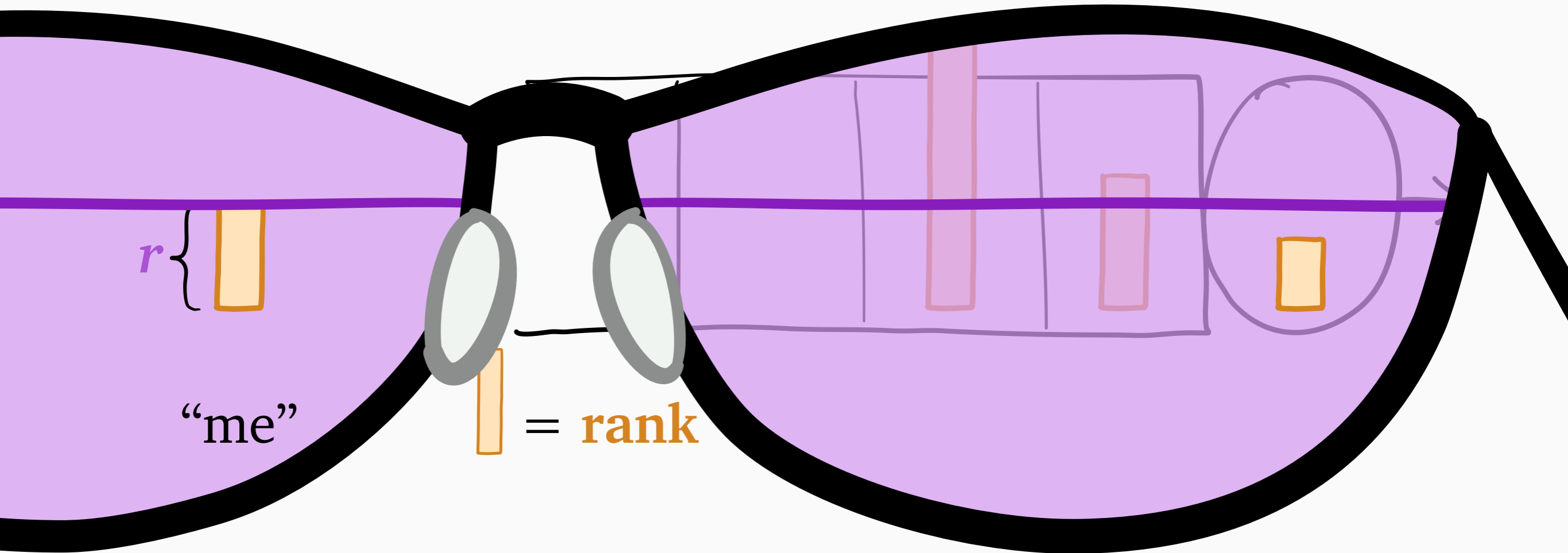
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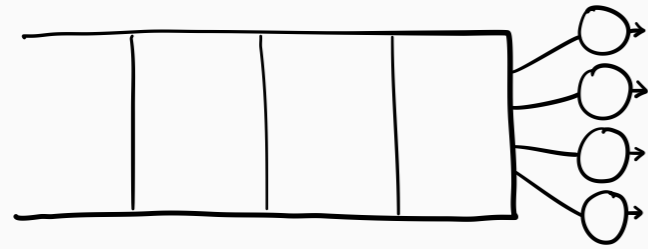
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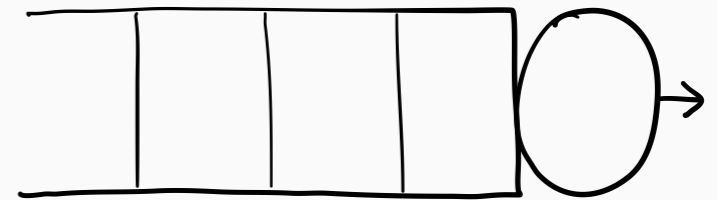


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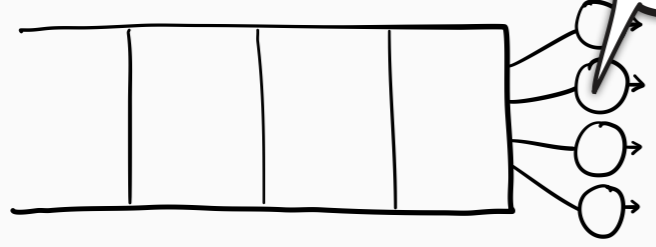
Gittins- k



Gittins-1

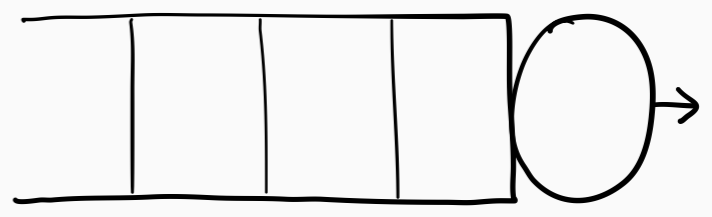


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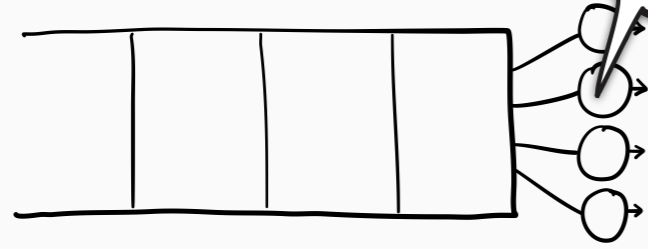
k servers,
speed $1/k$

Gittins-1

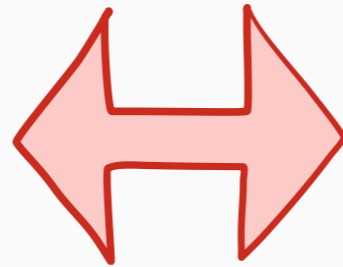
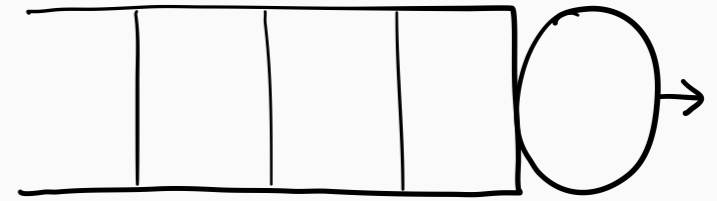


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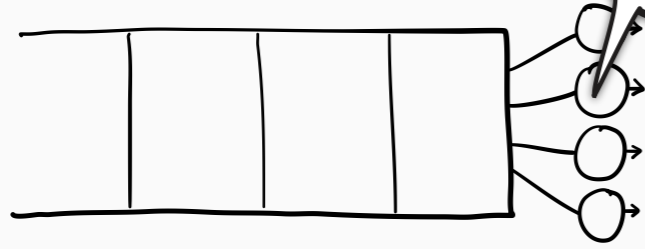


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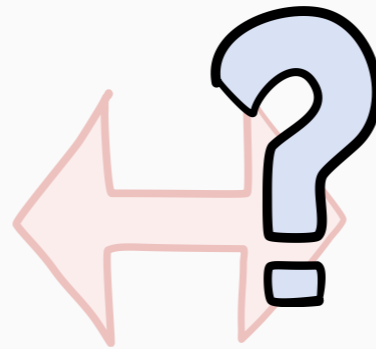
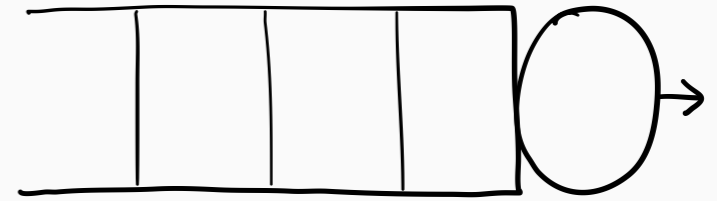


Gittins- k

k servers,
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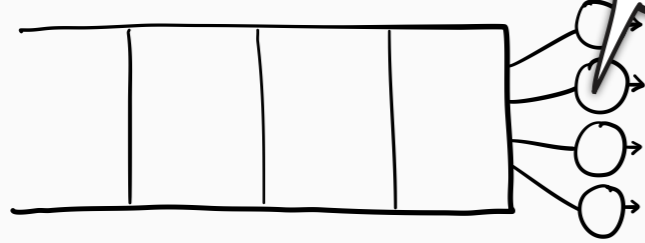


Gittins-1

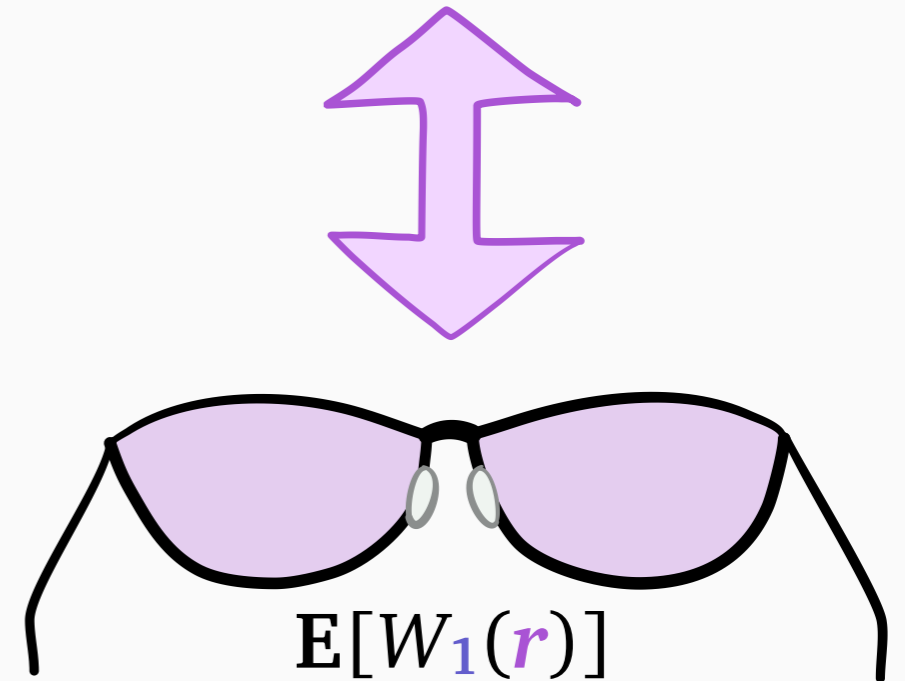
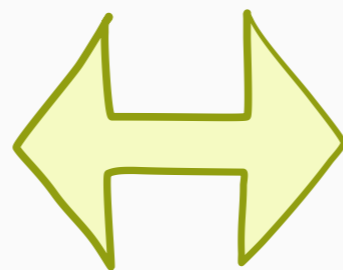
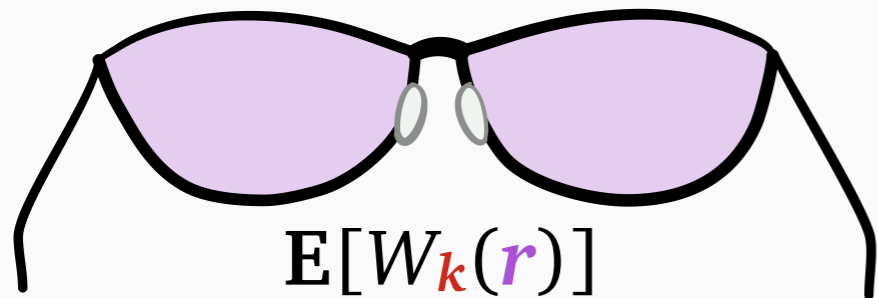
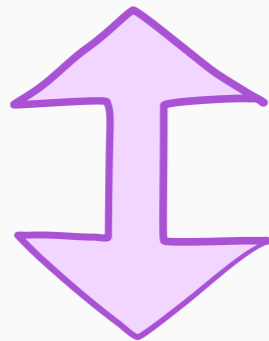
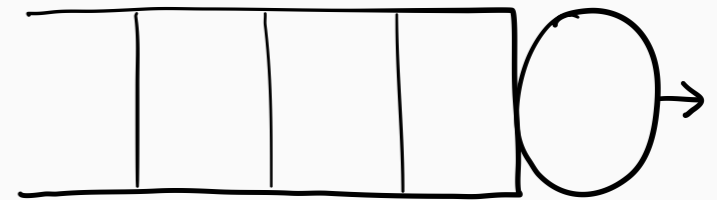


Gittins- k

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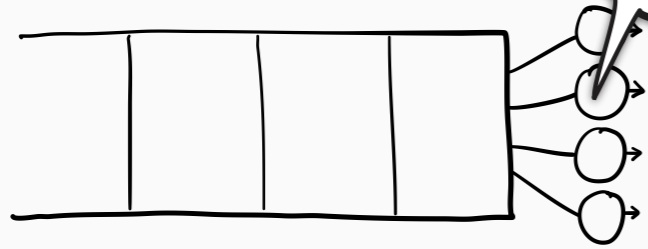


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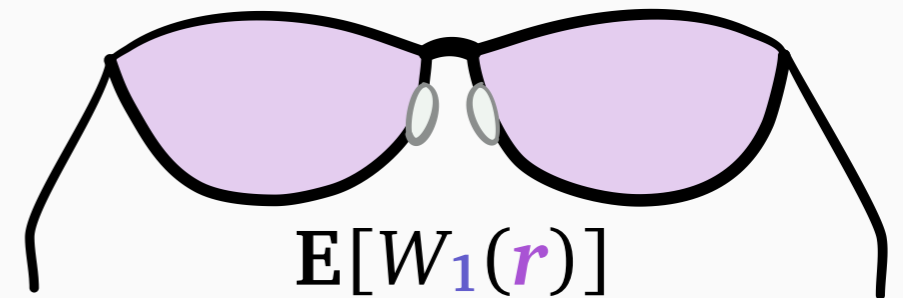
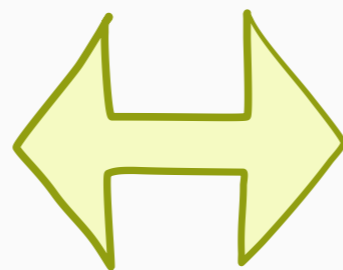
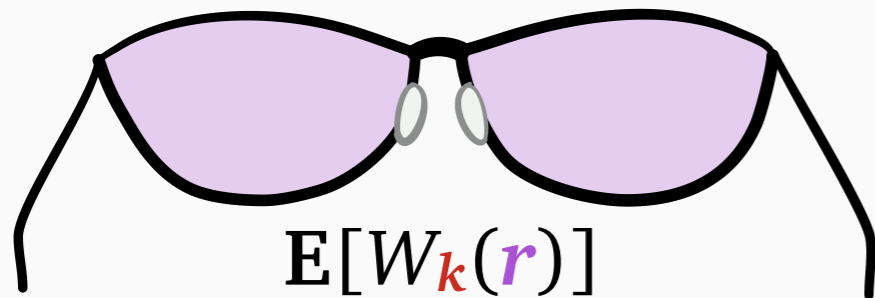
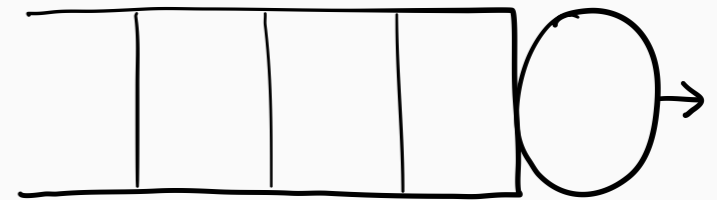


Gittins- k

k servers,
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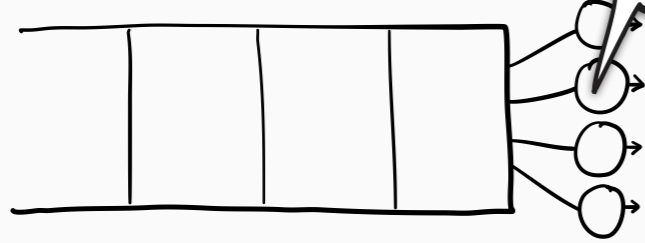


Gittins-1

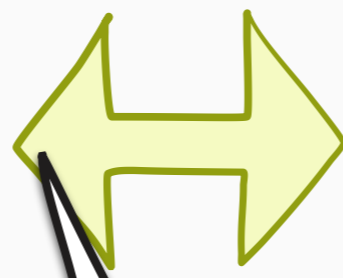
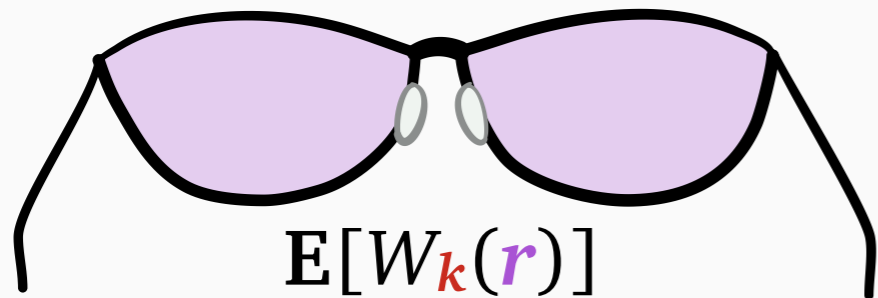
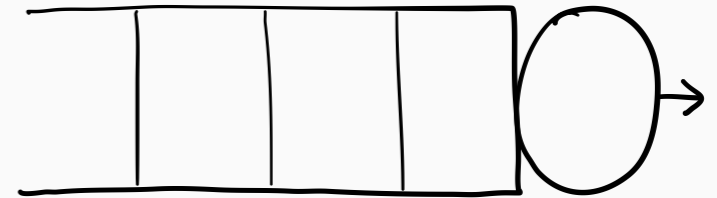


Gittins- k

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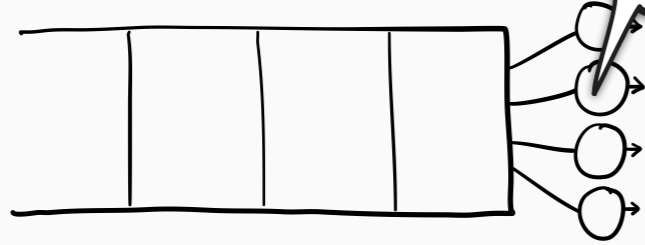
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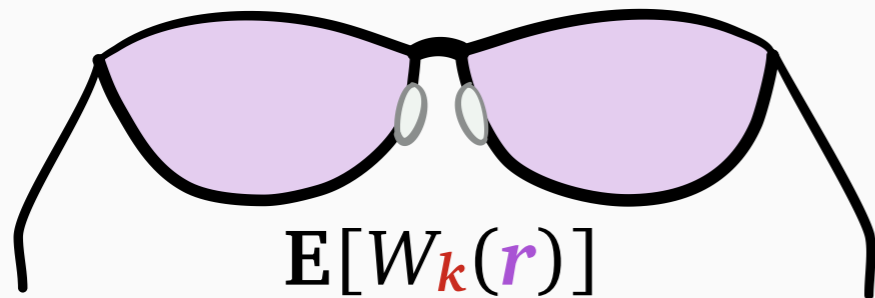
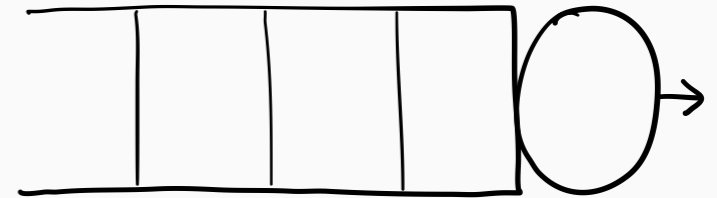
Lemma: r -work
decomposition

Gittins- k

k servers,
speed $1/k$



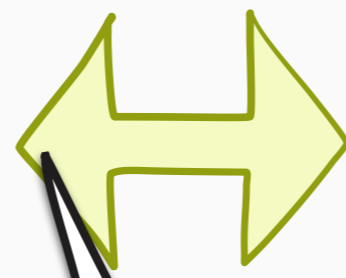
Gittins-1



$E[W_k(r)]$



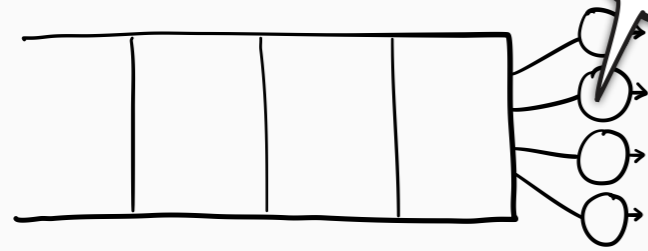
$E[W_1(r)]$



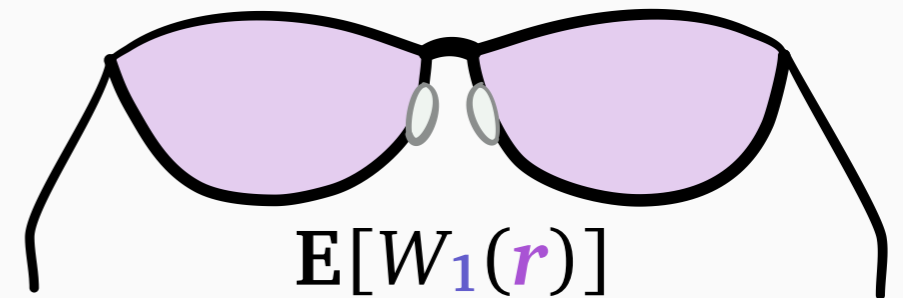
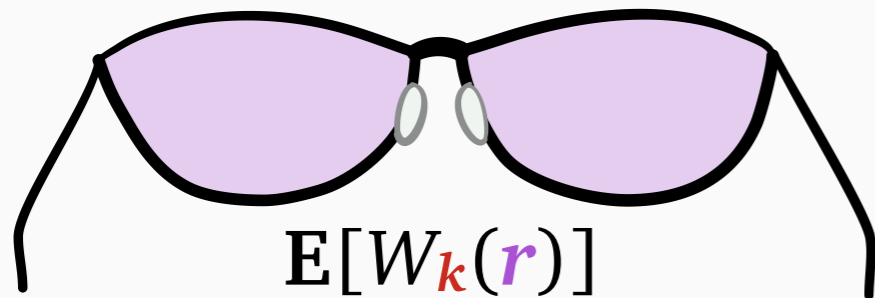
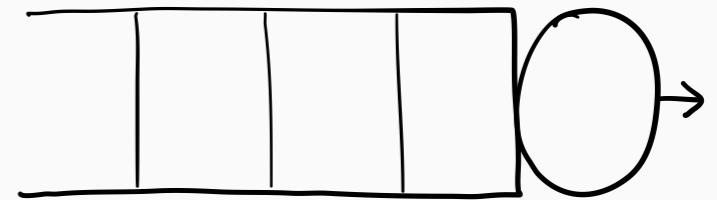
Lemma: r -work
decomposition

Gittins- k

k servers,
speed $1/k$



Gittins-1



Lemma: ✗ work decomposition

Work decomposition law

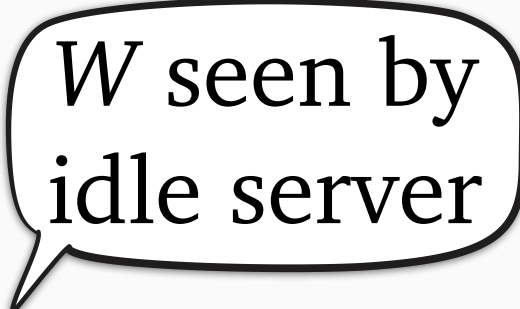
M/G arrivals:

$$\mathbf{E}[W] = \mathbf{E}[W_{M/G/1}] + \frac{\mathbf{E}[IW]}{1 - \rho}$$

Work decomposition law

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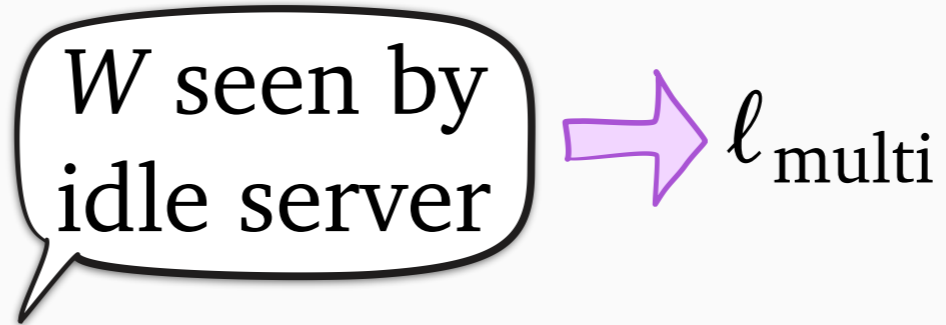


W seen by
idle server

Work decomposition law

M/G arrivals:

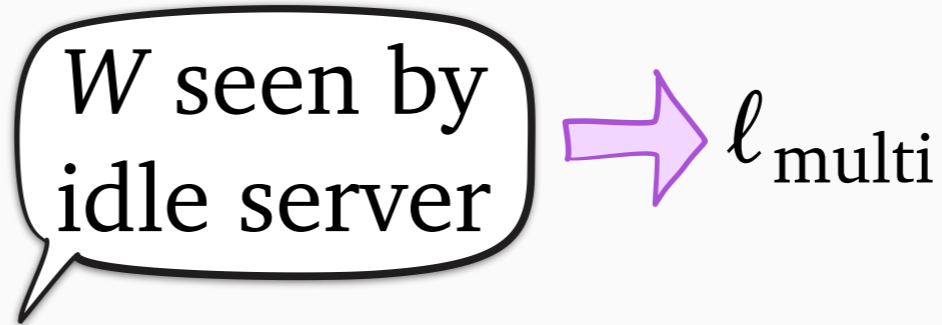
$$\mathbf{E}[W] = \mathbf{E}[W_{M/G/1}] + \frac{\mathbf{E}[IW]}{1 - \rho}$$



Work decomposition law

M/G arrivals:

$$E[W] = E[W_{M/G/1}] + \frac{E[IW]}{1-\rho}$$

 W seen by idle server $\rightarrow l_{\text{multi}}$

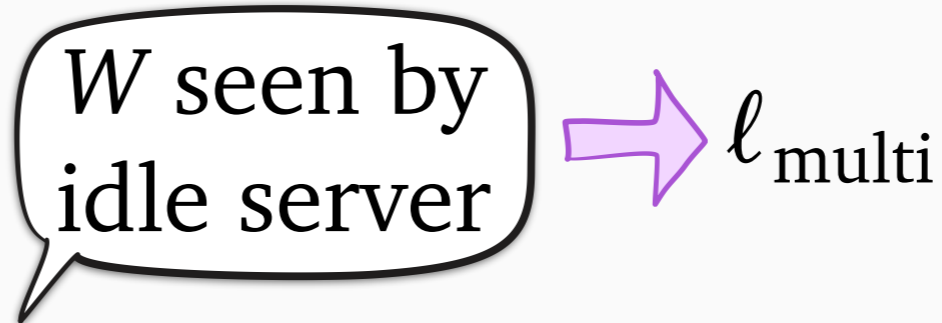
G/G arrivals:  **NEW!**


$$E[W] = \text{“}E[W_{G/G/1}] \text{”} + \frac{E[IW]}{1-\rho} - \frac{\rho E[IR]}{1-\rho}$$

Work decomposition law

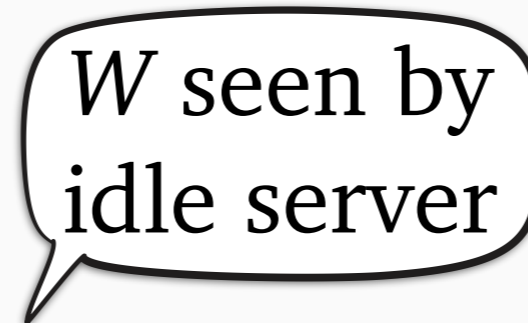
M/G arrivals:

$$E[W] = E[W_{M/G/1}] + \frac{E[IW]}{1-\rho}$$

 l_{multi}

G/G arrivals: 

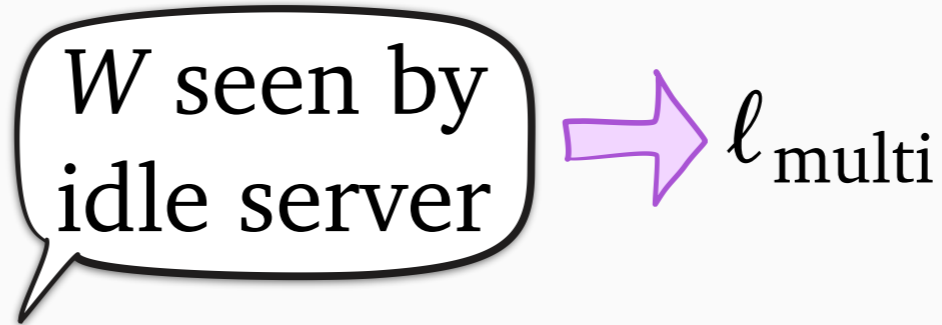
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Work decomposition law

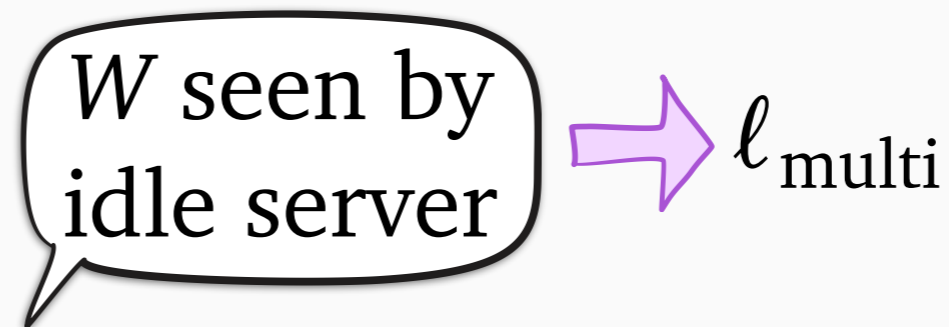
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G/G arrivals: 

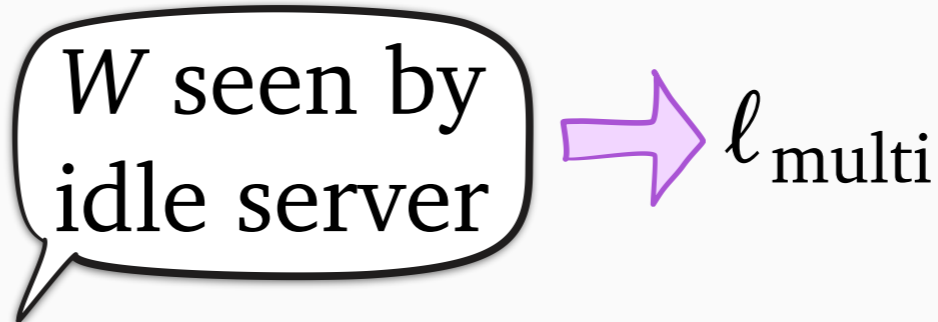
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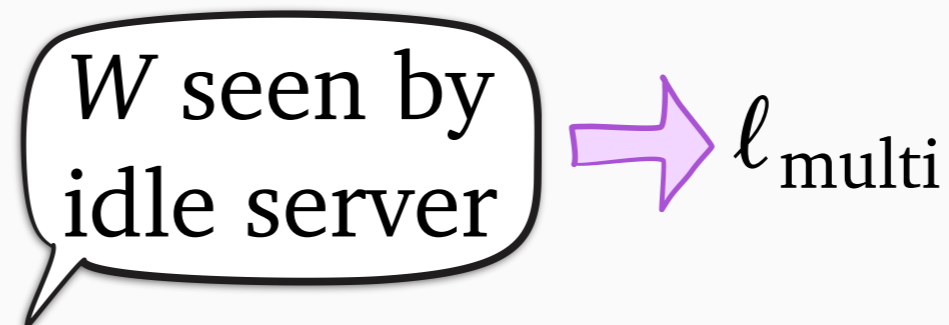
M/G arrivals:

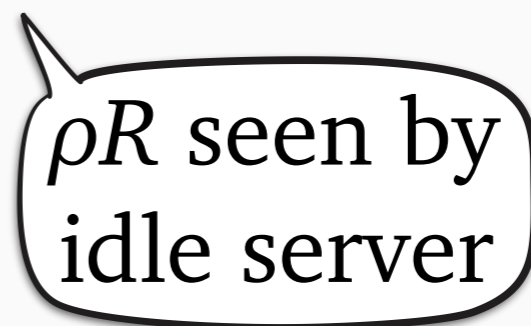
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G/G arrivals: 

$$E[W] = \text{“}E[W_{G/G/1}] \text{”} + \frac{E[IW]}{1-\rho} - \frac{\rho E[IR]}{1-\rho}$$

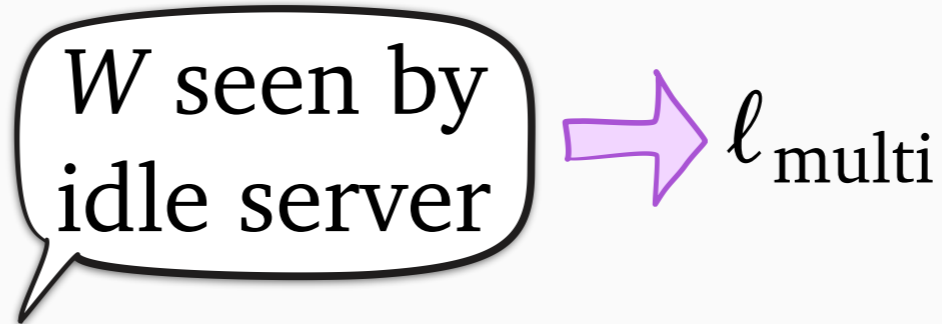
 l_{multi}


 ρR seen by idle server

Work decomposition law

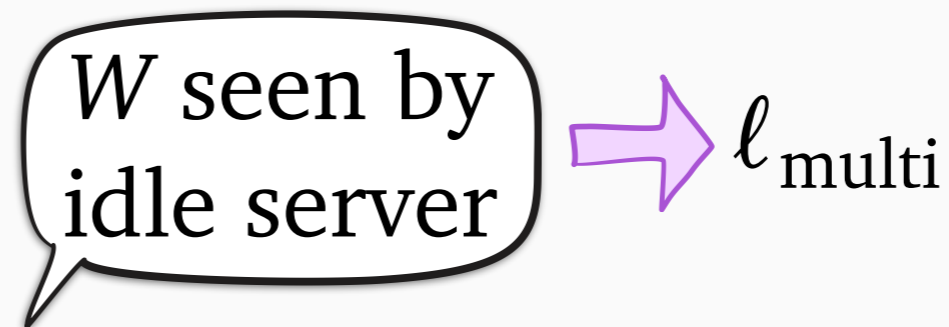
M/G arrivals:

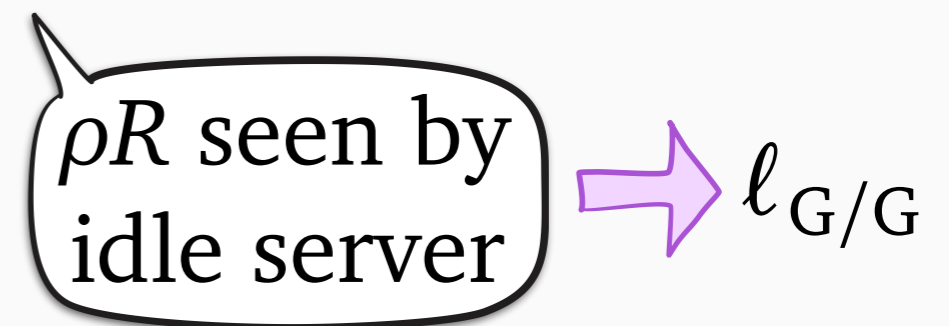
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 l_{multi}

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 l_{multi}

 $l_{G/G}$

Work decomposition law

M/G arrivals:

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W seen by idle server $\rightarrow \ell_{\text{multi}}$ and ℓ_{setup}

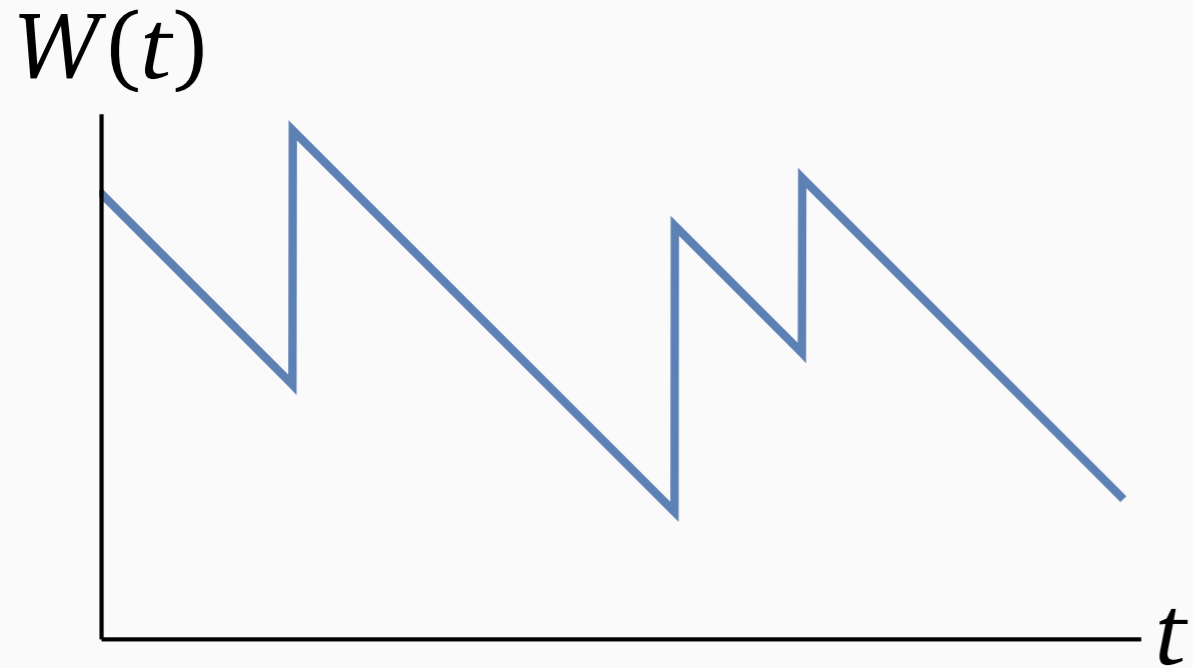
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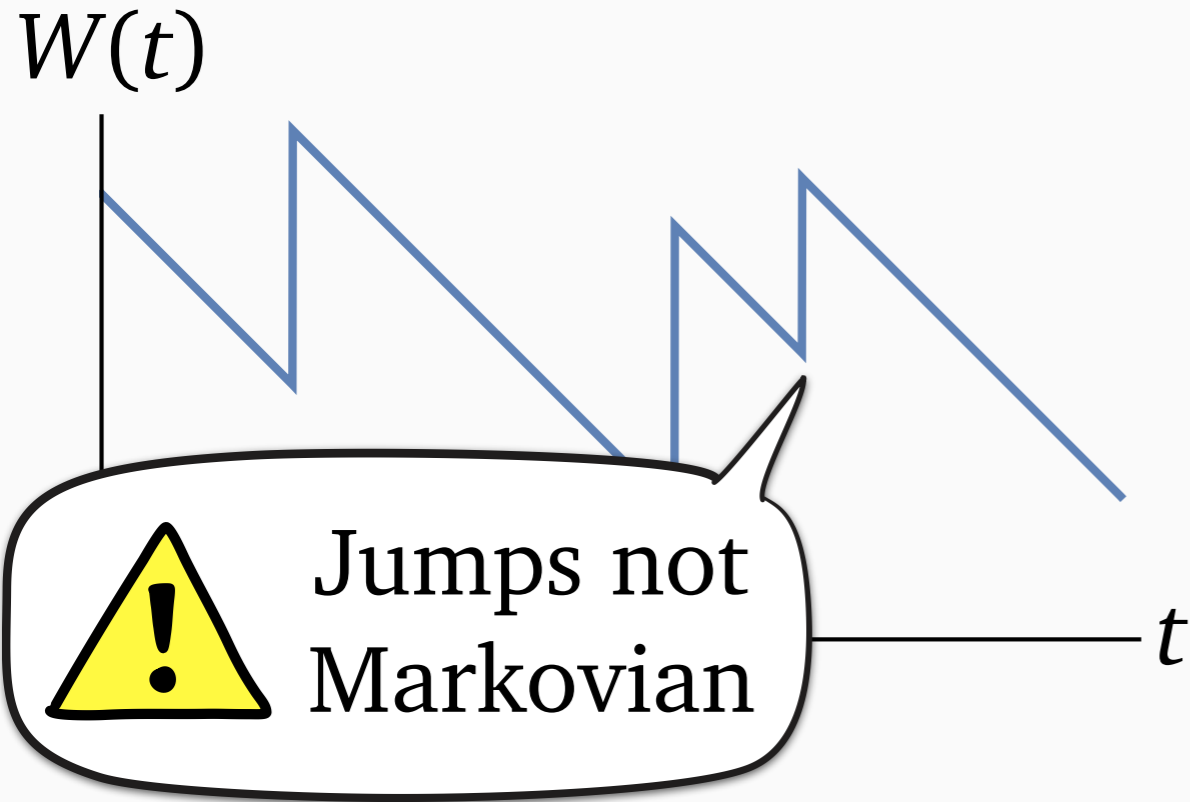
W seen by idle server $\rightarrow \ell_{\text{multi}}$ and ℓ_{setup}

ρR seen by idle server $\rightarrow \ell_{G/G}$

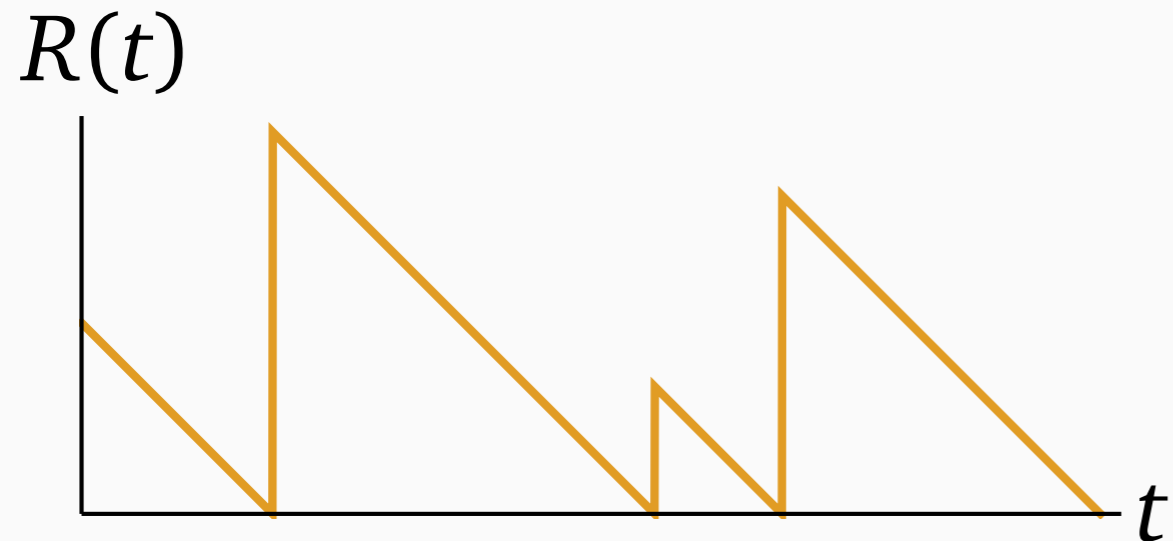
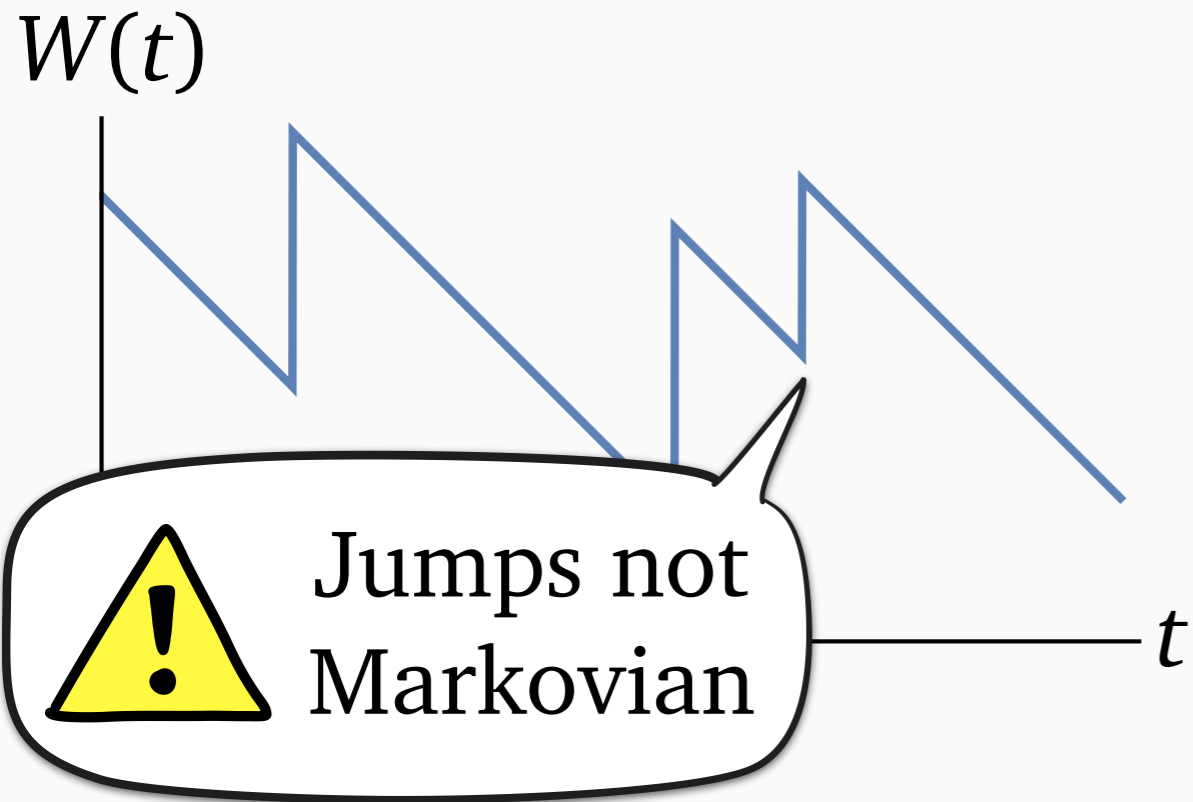
Key idea for **G/G** arrival proof



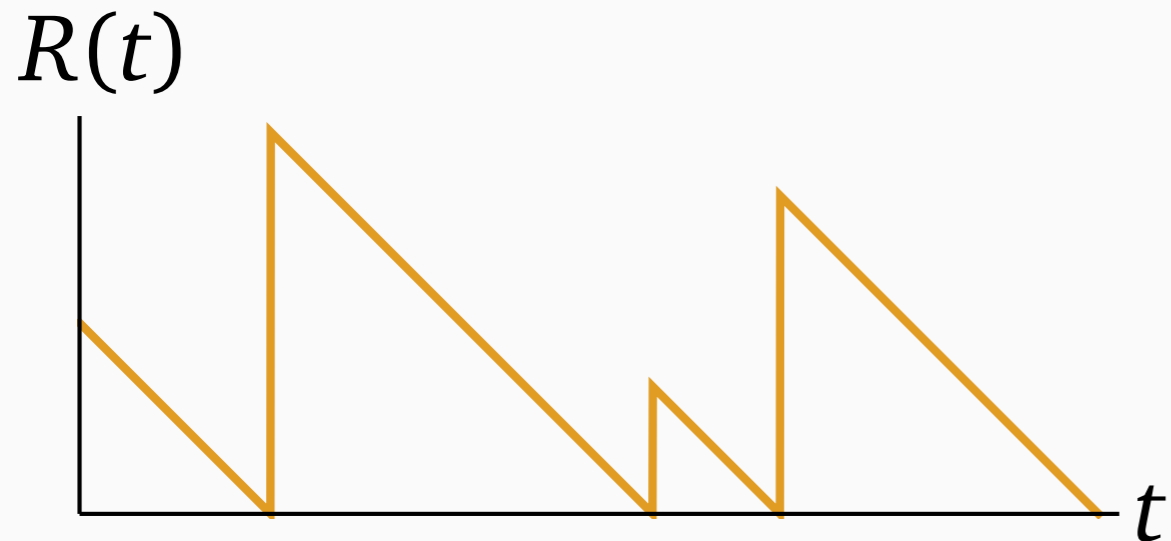
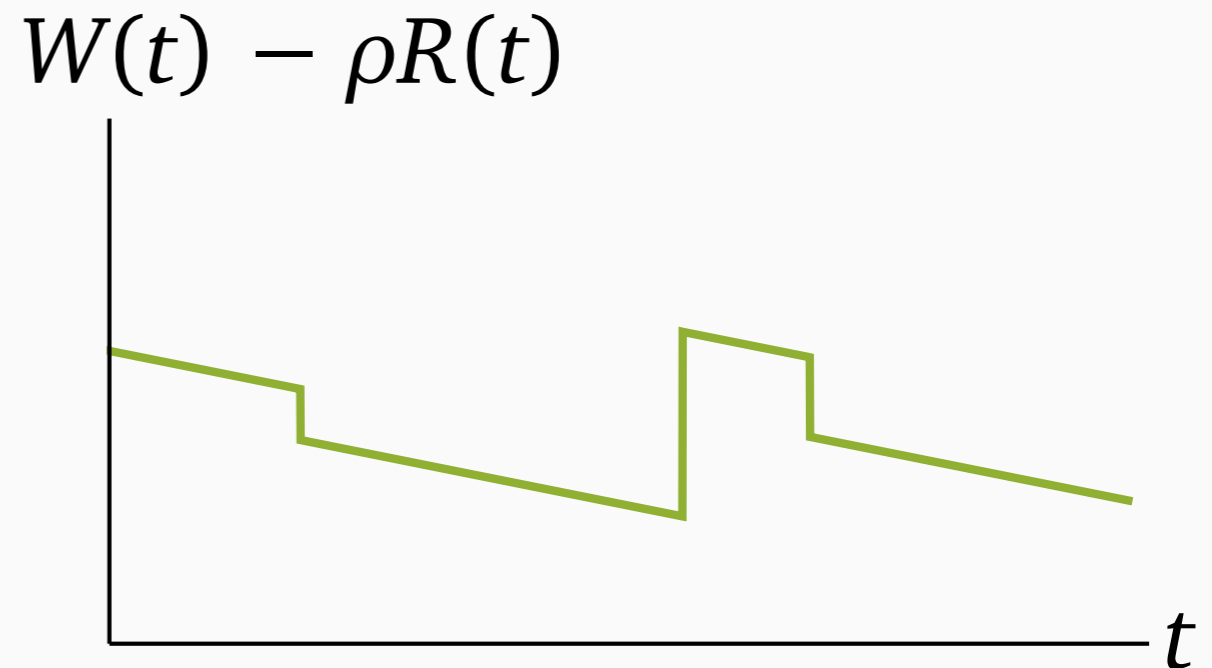
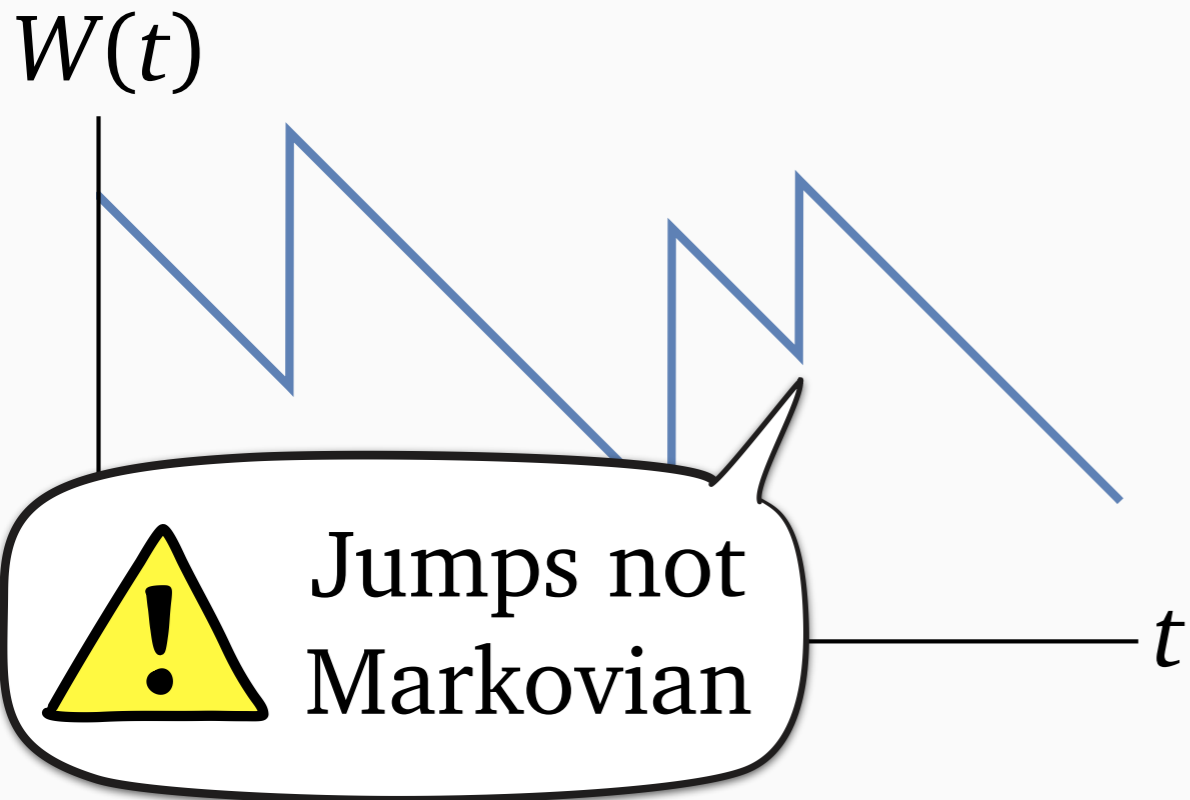
Key idea for G/G arrival proof



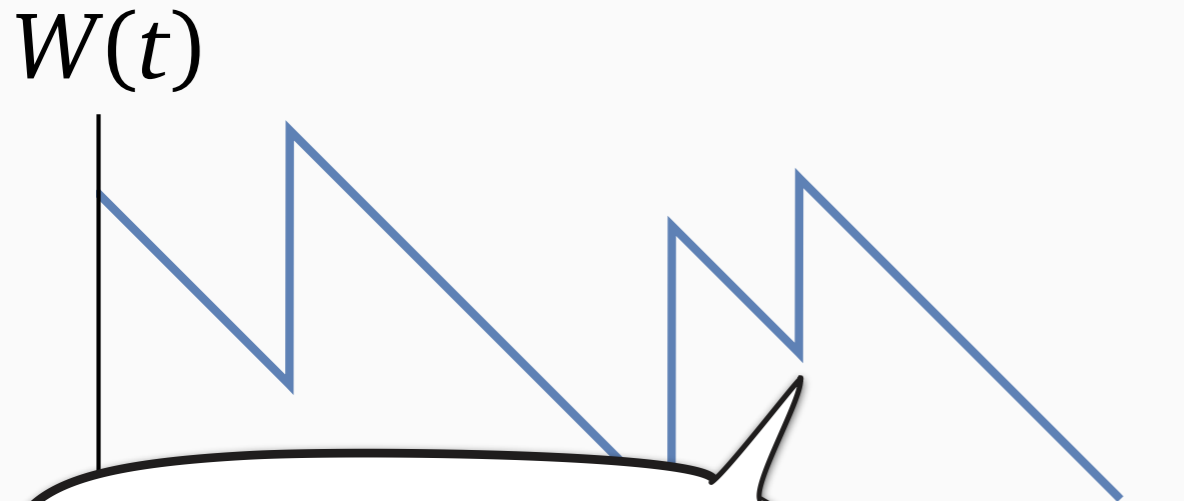
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Key idea for **G/G** arrival proof

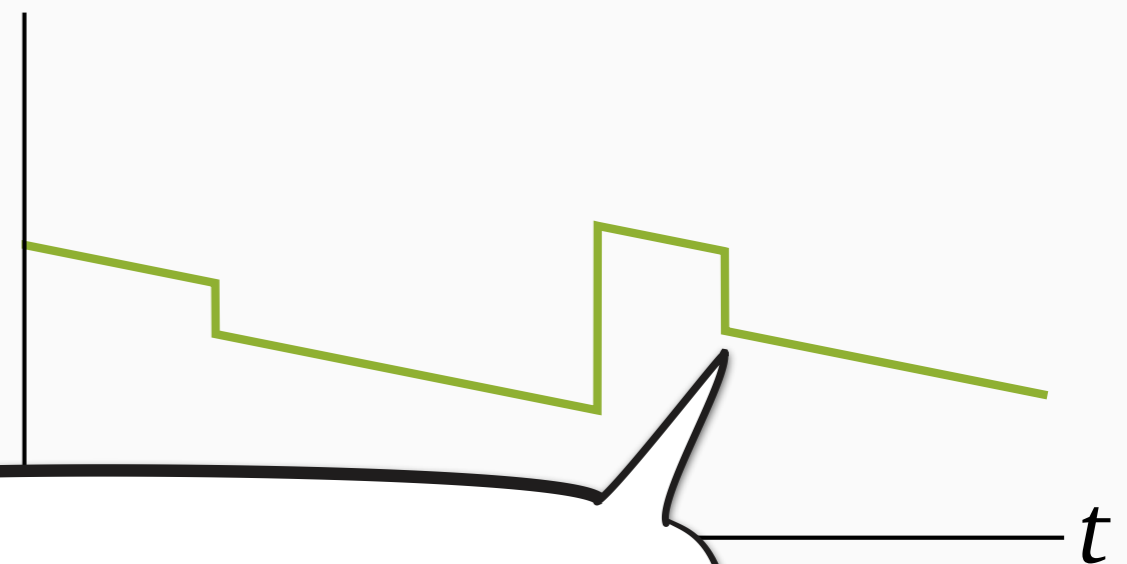


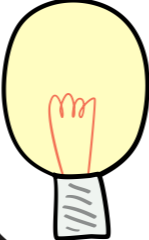
Key idea for G/G arrival proof

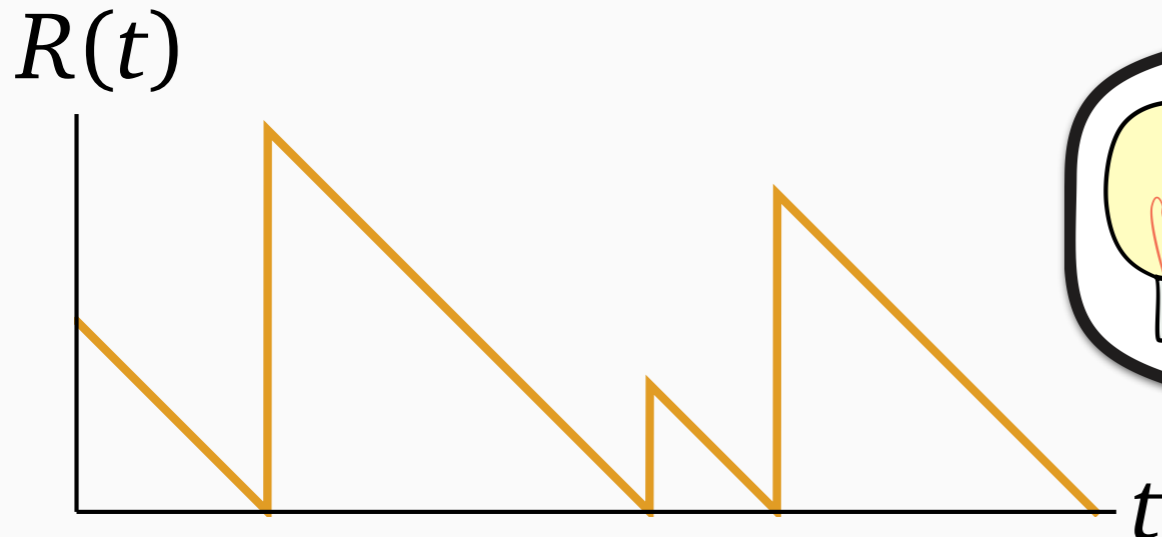


 Jumps not Markovian

$$W(t) - \rho R(t)$$



 Jumps not Markovian, but 2nd-order effect



Strategy 0

just optimality

Strategy 1

work in system

Strategy 2

states of all jobs
(**Gittins**-specific)

Strategy 3

work in system
(**Gittins**-specific)

1966: compute $E[T]$ (Schrage & Miller)

1968: optimal (Schrage)

1970s: optimal (Sevcik; von Olivier; Gittins)

2005: $E[T]$ in M/M/1 (Whittle)

2018: $E[T]$ in M/G/1 (Scully et al.)

2018: $E[T]$ bound, “near-optimal” (Grosz et al.)

2001: M/M/k (Glazebrook & Niño-Mora)

2003: nonpreemptive M/G/k (Glazebrook)

2020: preemptive M/G/k (Scully et al.)

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2023: **G/G/k/setup** (Hong & Scully)